# THE CHELSEA HERALD.

ALLISON. Editor and Proprietor.

# "Of the People and for the People."

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Our figured Wash Goods, White Goods, Laces, Embroideries, Fans, is required in the school room. imbrellas, Parasols, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Hosiery, etc. We are in lad. Everything new and up to date.

ladies' and Children's Summer Underwear at 5 cents. Regular cent goods.



# At Lowest Prices.

# We sell the Tiger Rake, best in the market.

A few Cultivators at prices to close.

Getour prices on

# CHELSEA, MICH., THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1897.

# Commencement.

The commencement exercises of the Chelsea High School for '97 now exist only as a memory.

Commencement week is always looked forward to with a good deal of pleasure on the part of the pupils and much of lively interest on the part of anxious fathers and mothers. The exercises as presented are in part a test of school drill and discipline, as well as a presentation of the best efforts of the pupils themselves. On the present occasion nothing was left undone to make the exercises a success. The pupils entered enthusiastically into the work of decorating the Opera House, and transformed the stage into a scene of artistic beauty.

The exercises which marked the close of the school year were a fitting and worthy representation of the work which is being done in our high school. A higher standard of excellence is demanded of the teachers, and more thorough work

The past week was a busy one in the Chelsea schools. Examinations, re hearsings, exercises in the lower rooms, decorations, etc., kept the scholars and teachers in a hurry.

The graduating class this year was composed of eight young ladies, and in point of intellectuality will compare favorably with any preceding class.

The Class Day exercises of the graduating class were held at the Opera House Electric kerosine oil 9 cents gal. Wednesday evening, June 23. Thursday, June 24, was Commencement Day proper. The exercises were held at the Opera House, and Hon. H. R. Pattengil was the orator.

It would be impossible, on account of Good sugar corn 5 cents per can. time, to speak of each part separately.

# Won Honors.

The Misses Mary McKune, Katharine 10 pounds best oatmeal for 25 cents. McGuire and Winifred Cassidy have returned from St. Joseph's Academy, 7 cans sardines for 25 cents. Adrian, to spend their vacation after a year of hard and successful work. Miss Cassidy took the gold medal for penmanship, and the other ladies beautiful books as premiums. Miss McGuire gave a splendid recitation at the Commencement, which was very impressive. The Misses Cassidy and McKune had very prominent parts in the exercises and acquitted themselves very creditably. In fact, Chelsea was very much in evidence. Miss Devereaux, of Pinckney, gave the valedictory in a very feeling manner. The improvement shown by the pupils in one year was really marvelous. Dr. Reilly distributed the premiums and conferred the honors in a beautiful and eloquent address. The audience was very select. Fifteen priests attended the exercises. The Sisters of St. Dominic in their first Commencement have set a high standard. and have given a most creditable exhibition. The Mother Superior is a most charming and accomplished woman, and won all hearts by her kindness and hospitality. These nuns are famous for their culture and learning, and for \$100 per year an admirable and very practical education is given. Chelsea will send a large delegation next year.

Of our 22 cent coffee will tell you all about it. Remember we also make a specialty of the choicest uncolored Japan teas. Ask for samples.

Single Copies 5 Cents.

NUMBER 45.

# Buy Your Firecrackers,

Sky Rockets, Roman Candles, etc., at the Bank Drug Store. They have a large assortment at the prices you are looking for,

# Also Remember

To notice our prices on groceries. All goods fresh. All goods warranted. Pure spices and pure extracts.

# Paris Green

That is pure. This is the kind you want. We have it. Also London Purple, etc.

# We are selling this week:

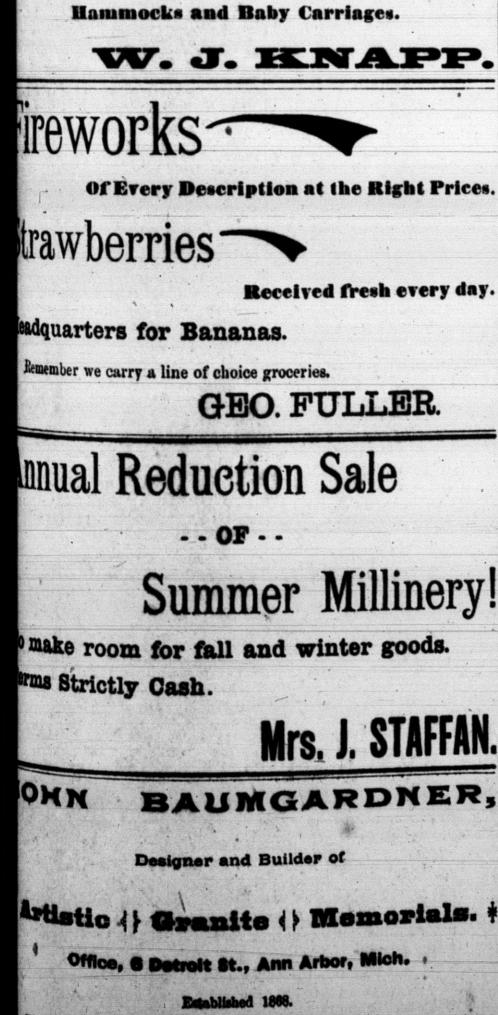
19 pounds Gran. Sugar for \$1.00.

7 cakes Jackson soap for 25 cents.

Good Alaska Salmon 10c per can

Good sugar syrup 20c per gal.

Poultry powder 15c per package. 4 pounds new prunes for 25 cents. Large choice lemons 20c doz. Try our 25c N. O. molasses. Lamp wicks 1c per yard. 25 bounds brown sugar for \$1.00. Choice honey 15c per lb. Light table syrup 25c per gal. Large cucumber pickels 5c per-doz. Good tomatoes 7c per can. 25 boxes matches for 25c. 5 boxes tacks for 5c.



We keep on hand large quantities of all the various granites in the steed, Brampton, non-refillable bottle. th, and are prepared to execute fine monumental work on short notice. The Designs. Correspondence Solicited. Electric Works 6, 8, 10 but St., and 17-19 5th Are. Dock and Derrick 2-8 Miller Aye.

# Annual School Meeting.

The annual school meeting for District No. 8, fractional Sylvan and Lima, will be held at the 'Town Hall, Monday, July 12, 1897, at 8 o'clock p. m., for the elecmeeting.

# List of Patents

Granted to Michigan inventors this week, reported by C. A. Snow & Co., solicitors of American and foreign patents, opposite United States patent office, Washington, D. C .:

W. W. Annable, Grand Rapids, sand box, J. M. Bamay, Agricultural College, permutation padlock; A. S. Dimmick, Belding, fruit crate; G. A. Friedrich, Iron River, sharpener; C. H. Little, Saginaw, spring attachment for bicycle saddles; G. R. Matthews, Kalamazoo, saddle girth; A. M. Todd, Kalamagoo, machine for harvesting peppermint plants; G. H. Wall, Cadillac, baggage handler; C. A. Wells, Yale, playing cards; W. H. Wells For copy of any patent send 6 cents in postage stamps with date of this paper to W. J. Knapp, Pres. Thos. S. Sears, Vice-Pres. Geo. P. Glazier, Cashier. C. A. Snow & Co., Washington.

51/2 pounds fresh crackers for 25c.

<sup>1</sup>6 doz clothespins for 5c.

Ng 11

# Glazier & Stimson

# Farming Tools.

We are headquarters for all kinds of Corn and Fallow Cultivators. One-horse cultivators from \$2.75 to \$6.00. Two-horse cultivators from tian of two trustees and the transaction of \$13.00 to \$28.00. Spring and spike tooth lever harrows from \$9.50 to such business as shall come before the \$20.00. Also buggies and lumber wagons. Call and see our Pivot, Ball. WILLIAM BACON, Director. Bearing Wheel, Riding Cultivator, something entirely new and the easiest to operate. Screen doors, corn planters, Oliver, New Burch and Bissell Plows and repairs. Hay Tedders and Horse Rakes.

Deposit your Money in the

Chelsea Savings Bank.

Spar Bank.

Its Money is protected from fire and burglars by the best screw door, electrica.

HOAG & HOLMES.



alarm, burglar proof vault-anfe n



# THE NEWS. Compiled From Late Dispatches. CONGRESSIONAL.

Proceedings of the Special Session. The senate made good headway with the tariff bill on the 21st. The last two se ules of the dutiable list were completed and the free list was also disposed of .... In the house a joint resolution was favorably reported permitting foreign exhibitors at the Omaha exhibition under stringent provisions to bring laborers into the United States to take charge of exhibits. The house adjourned to the 24th.

An exciting debate marked the consideration of the wool schedule which began in the senate on the 22d. It developed the first serious disagreement on the republican side of the chamber and led to a warm encounter between Senators Carter (Mont.) and Foraker (O.) on one side, and Senator Allison (Ia.), in charge of the bill, on the other. Fair progress, however, was made on the schedule....The house was not in

After a contest lasting throughout the day the senate on the 23d completed the paragraphs of the wool schedule relating to raw wool and advanced into the features relating to manufactured woolen goods. The time was devoted largely to a discussion of the effect of tariff rates in the price of wool, and the speeches were on technichal lines in the main. Senator Morgan introduced a bill for the annexation of the Hawaiian islands as a territory of the United States in accordance with the terms of the recently-negotiated treaty .... The house was not in session.

A stubborn contest over the duties or manufactured woolen goods ocupied the attention of the senate on the 24th. It was a day of constant-roll calls and of crossfire debate. Many amendments were proposed to reduce the rates, but these were rejected by decisive majorities. Less than five pages were disposed of during the day .... In the house Mr. Foss, of Illinois, on behalf of his delegation, announced the death of his colleague, Mr. Cooke, and a committee was appointed to attend the funeral in Chicago. The house adjourned to the 2Sth.

## DOMESTIC.

The famous steer Jumbo, aged four years, which had attained the enormous weight of 5,000 pounds, was killed at Wichita, Kan.

Dr. William Frederick Slocum, president of Colorado college, has been elected to the presidency of Oberlin (O. college.

Fire in the Brooklyn (N. Y.) navy yard did damage to the extent of \$10,-000.

Albert Sickmiller, Louis Sickmiller, Charles Fails and George Steinnelaer vere run over by a train near Mansfield,

Williams college at Williamstown, Mass., conferred the honorary degree of LL. D. on Sanford B. Dole, president | Palo Prieto. of the republic of Hawaii.

Fire in the wholesale wine house of B. Dreyfus & Co. in New York caused a loss of \$200,000.

Robert Fergus, 82 years old, a veteran job printer and retired newspaper man, was instantly killed by the cars in Chicago. An increased call for small notes is

considered by the treasury department at Washington as an indication of business improvement.

At Kasson, Minn., Bert Van Nostrand, an architect, shot and seriously wounded Jennie Geesie, aged 16, and then blew out his brains. A lovers' quarrel was the cause.

In the intercollegiate boat race on the Hudson river at Poughkeepsie, N Y., Yale defeated Harvard and Cornell, going the two miles in nine minutes and 191/2 seconds.

The general executive board of the Knights of Labor in session at Washington adopted resolutions favoring recognition of Cuba.

F. R. Cordley & Co., stockbrokers in Boston, failed for \$150,000.

F. C. Van de Sande, of the Illinois Cycling club, broke the world's halfmile record on Garfield Park track in Chicago. He rode the distance in 51 3-5 seconds.

Two earthquake shocks were distinctly felt at Hopkinsville, Ky., and the walls of large buildings were perceptibly shaken.

Cal Love, night watchman at Sheri dan, Ind., crazed with drink and jealousy, shot his wife and himself fatally.

A cyclone near Saline, Kan., wrecked many buildings, killed Mrs. Anna Geesy and her two children and injured many other persons.

A bursting boiler in H. J. Lang's mill at Milan, Mo., killed the proprietor and engineer and fatally scalded two other employes.

During a violent hailstorm at Topeka, Kan., many persons were badly hurt and not a dozen houses in the entire town had a full set of windows or a

whole roof left. The two little daughters of Joseph Melton, living near Bordley, Ky., were

smothered to death in a trunk. The Cuban league of New York has issued an appeal asking for financial aid in its patriotic efforts in behalf of struggling Cuba.

At Mankato, Minn., the large department store of Longini & Thomas failed for \$100,000.

The Mississippi river commission says it will require \$34,000,000 to repair dam-

The Cuban insurgents captured 35 Spanish guerillas and hanged them at

Gen. Welyer left Havana for Santiago de Cuba province and 40,000 men will be at his command.

Baron Dhanis, the Belgian leader of the Congo expedition against the mahdists, and his force of 6,000 men were massacred by native troops. A treaty for the provisional union of

the five republics of Central America has been signed by Guatemala.

# LATER

Murderers were executed as follows: James Pollard (colored) at St. Joseph, Mo., for killing Joseph Irvin; Clark Lewis at Fayetteville, Ga., for the murder of Charles Gibson; Terrel Hudson (colored) at Atlanta, Ga., for taking the life of Seaborn Malcolm; and James Williamson at Wharton, Tex., for complicity in the murder of the Crocker family.

James Monahan, who celebrated his one hundredth birthday in March last, died at Independence, Mo.

There were 216 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 25th, against 198 the week previous and 217 in the corresponding period of 1896.

William B. Mackeller, head of the type trust, died in Philadelphia.

Dispatches say that nine villages have been looted and wholly or partly burned by the Turks in the province of Thessaly.

In the four-mile boat race at Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Cornell defeated Yale and Harvard, the time being 20:34. Yale was second.

The Great Western Printing company made an assignment in St. Louis with liabilities of \$100,000.

To prevent the lynching of Sylvanus Jackson (colored) at Key West, Fla., negroes took possession of the jail and armory, and in an attempt to secure arms for the militia a fusillade of shots was exchanged, one white man and several negroes being killed.

John Moses, a negro who murdered an aged farmer, John Strong, near Crystal Springs, Miss., was taken from jail by a mob and hanged.

It is announced that Russia will not join in Japan's protest against the annexation of Hawaii by the United States.

George Scott and John Ross were blown to atoms by an explosion in a powder mill near East Alton, Ill.

painter, died in Dorchester, Mass., aged 42 years.

A passenger train on the Wabash railway went through a trestle near Missouri City, Mo., and seven persons were killed and 19 others were badly injured. The Ernst rice mills in New Orleans were destroyed by fire, the loss being \$150,000.

# HER LIFELIKE STATUE.

Signalized Her Departure from the World of Artists.

Before her marriage she had been a fa-mous sculptress. She had made several pormous sculptress. She had made several por-traits of well-known men, and everyone pre-dicted for her a still more brilliant future, when she suddenly set all predictions at naught hy marrying a wealthy man who dis-approved of her keeping up her professional work. She was very quiet under this re-striction, but was supposed to rebel inward-ly. Therefore when, at a dinner party one evening, she asked her old friend, Gen. Bashar, to come and see her on the follow-ing evening and inspect her last piece of

Bashar, to come and see her on the follow-ing evening and inspect her last piece of work, which she thought the best and most lifelike she had ever executed, he sup-posed he was to use his influence to prevail upon the husband to permit her to resume her place among the working fraternity of artists.

"I am sure you will like it, general," she said, with a winning smile. "It fairly lives and breathes. I confess I am in love with

it myself." On the appointed evening the general, with some misgivings over the delicacy of the task intrusted to him, presented him-self. Instead of inviting him to the studio, his hostess, to his surprise, offered to bring her last bit to him.

"Oh, it's a statuette, is it?" he asked. "Well, yes, you might call it so," she an-swered, as she went out of the room. In a few minutes she returned, bearing in her arms-a baby!-Chicago Times-Herald.

# His After-Dinner Speech.

Around the table were gathered many nen. The dinner was almost over, and now in the interval of service general conversation had ceased, and they were all looking at him and waiting for him to speak. He was a handsome man; clean shaven and commanding looking, in irreproachable evening dress. He stood, his left arm hanging at his side, his right hand resting lightly upon the table. Every eye was upon him as he began to speak. And this is what he said he said:

'Sorry, gents, but de plum puddin' is all out. Dere's rice an' tapioca, an' dere's plumpeachanapple creamorrhubarb an' mincerlemon pie. Whachergo'nterhave?"-N. Y. Journal

### Shake Into Your Shoes

Alæn's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It cures painful, swollen, smarting feet and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous, hot, tired, aching feet. Try it to-day. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Trial package FREE. Write to Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

# From Shakespeare.

"Ball this evening, dear?" inquired Desdemona of Othello, when she saw him load-

"No, not this evening, love; s'm'other evening," he replied, as he reached for the pillow, and wedged it softly down her oesophagus.--Up-to-Date.

# There Is a Class of People

and fly his kite where the people in Des Moines, Iowa, could see it. To supply Crescents sold in 1896 required 1,606,742 Who are injured by the use of coffee. Re-cently there has been placed in all the Wilbur H. Lansit, the famous animal bolts, and 1,488,075 nuts, having an aggregrocery stores a new preparation called GRAIN-O, made of pure grains, that takes the place of coffee gate weight of 23 tons. The total weight of the complete bicycles was 2,382,842 e place of coffee. ach receives it without distress, and but few can tell it from coffee. It does not cost over 1 as much. Children may drink it with great benefit. 15 cts. and 25 cts. per pack-age. Try it. Ask for GRAIN-O.

# BOILS, BOILS, BOILS

They Came Thick and Fast-Till Cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. "My brother had terrible boils on the back of his neck. As fast as one would get better another would come. He becan very much emaciated, and began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. One bottle made great improvement, and when he had taken wo bottles he was completely cured." CARRIE D. ERVIN, Mound City, Illinois.

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Hood's Pills cure sick headache. 25 cents

Some Interesting Facts Regarding the Output of Crescent Bicycles.

This article is intended to convey a con seption of the enermous amount of raw ma terial consumed during a season in supply-ing the demand for one of the most popular bicycles made. The Western Wheel Works hicago, makers of the Crescent wheel, have the largest, and without doubt the most complete, bicycle factory in the world, and can turn out, when running to fullest ca-pacity, 725 finished Crescents in twelve hours, or a complete "up to date" bicycle per minute.

They used during 1896 350 miles of tub-ing, or enough to nearly reach from Chi-cago to St. Paul if placed in a straight line, The spokes were made in their own fac-tory, and required 780 miles of wire, or enough to reach from Chicago to Lincoln, Neb.; 50 miles of brass rod was required for spoke nipples. If the spokes, spoke nip-ples and tubing were placed in a straight line they would reach from Chicago to the Rocky Mountains at Denver. The cranks, if placed end to end, would cover a distance of 22 miles. They used 35 miles of steel for crank axles, wheel axles and pedal axles, and 19 miles of steel for seat posts. If the rims that were used in the manufacture of Crescents in '96 were placed one upon the other they would make a pile 19,800 feet high, 6,000 feet higher than Pike's Peak and about the height of Mount Elias in Alaska, whose summit has never yet been reached by man. It required 32,084 square eet of sheet steel to make the Crescent feet of sheet steel to make the Crescent hollow tooth sprockets, and 21,876 square feet for the steel stampings of the head and seat post clamps, or in all enough flat steel to cover an area of 1½ acres. There were used 10 miles of cork grips, 10§ miles of finished hubs, and 28 miles of steel wire to finished hubs, and 28 miles of steel wire to pin frames together before brazing. The finished chains, end to end, would reach 70 miles, and the different pieces of which they are composed would reach 2371 miles, or in all 307<sup>1</sup> miles, the distance from Chi-cago to Cincinnati. The bearings of 1896 Crescents required 13,997,300 steel balls, which, if placed in a straight line, side by side, would reach a distance of 452 miles. To lace the chain and dress guards on the ladies' Crescents manufactured in 1896 required 434,150 yards of cord, or 2461 miles, enough to allow a small boy to stand on

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O., and all were fatally hurt.

Mrs. Maria Jones, of Dubuque, Ia., and Mrs. Clara H. Scott, of Chicago, were killed in a runaway accident at Dubuque.

A large two-story building fell at Watertown, S. D., killing Philip Patterson and injuring 20 other persons, some fatally.

From Chicago to Pittsburgh, a distance of 546 miles, in nine hours and twenty-five minutes by rail is the latest time-beating record of the Pennsylvania company.

Later reports of the effect of the California earthquake tell of the damaging of many buildings at various points.

At Denver, Col., C. H. Henderson lowered the bicycle road record for 100 miles from 6:31 to 6:30:30.

The visible supply of grain in the United States on the 21st was: Wheat, 20,673,000 bushels; corn, 17,368,000 bushels; oats, 9,092,000 bushels; rye, 2,342,-000 bushels; barley, 1,144,000 bushels,

At Waltham, Mass., M. I. Wilson shot and fatally wounded Maggie Hines and then killed himself.

Guiseppe Constantine, a murderer, was electrocuted in the prison at Auburn, N. Y.

Twelve soldiers from Fort Sheridan, Ill., arrived in Washington on bicycles, having made the 850 miles in 14 days.

Beloit (Wis.) college at its semicentennial anniversary conferred the degree of doctor of laws upon Lyman J. Gage, secretary of the treasury.

Twelve homing pigeons flew from Ironton, Mo., to Green Bay, Wis., a distance of 500 miles, in two days, breaking the record for the United States.

A solitary bandit held up the express messenger on a Louisville & Nashville train near Clarksville, Tenn., and obtained \$4,000.

A negro who assaulted a little white girl, daughter of a planter named Mc-Reynolds, near Dallas, Tex., was hanged by a mob.

Joseph J. Bartley, ex-state treasurer of Nebraska, was found guilty in Omaha of stealing \$200,000 of state funds.

Abram Kylmanen and Henry Aja, miners who came to this country two months ago, were instantly killed by a fall of earth in a mine at Ishpeming, Mich.

The reports as to the condition of the crops throughout the country were favorable.

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Frank Riggs, a prominent merchant, and rye will be much below the average. was shot and killed and William J. Reese was fatally wounded in a shooting scrape at Belknap, Ala,

President McKinley has tendered the position of comptroller of the treasury to William J. Calhoun, of Danville, Ill.

The Western Reserve university at Cleveland, O., conferred the degree of LL. D. on President McKinley.

At Nashville, Tenn., Gen. John B. Gordon was unanimously reelected general commander of the United Conederate Veterans,

ages caused by the spring floods and to secure protection in the future.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL. Henry Van Brunt, the pioneer bath-

ing master of the New Jersey coast, died at his home in Long Branch, aged 82 years. The republicans of the Fourth In-

diana district nominated Maj. Charles W. Lee, of Vevay, to succeed the late W. S. Holman in congress.

The democrats, populists and silver republicans met in convention in Des Moines, Ia., and agreed upon a fusion ticket and platform. Fred E. White . (dem.) was nominated for governor. The main feature of the platform is free silver. Ohio republicans met at Toledo and

renominated Asa S. Bushnell for governor. The platform expresses sympathy for Cuba and indorses the Hawaiian treaty, protection, the gold standard and the national and state administrations.

The League of Ohio Valley Bimetallic clubs, to consist of clubs of West Virginia, Kentucky, Ohio and Indiana, was organized in Cincinnati.

Dr. Angell, the newly-appointed minister to Turkey, will sail from New York on the 17th of July for his post.

Edward D. Cooke, of Chicago, member of congress from the Sixth district of Illinois, died suddenly in Washington of heart disease, aged 48 years. The Ohio republican headquarters

will be transferred from Columbus and Cincinnati to Cleveland.

# FOREIGN.

The Spanish liberals have issued a manifesto demanding a new Cuban policy and declaring that Weyler must be recalled.

The great public pageant of jubilee week, the queen's procession through London to venerable St. Paul's, was most successful and was unmarred by any serious accident.

The town of Tchuantepec, Mexico, was nearly destroyed by an earthquake.

Mme. Yvette Guilbert, the celebrated actress, and Dr. Max Schiller, of New York, were married in Paris.

Edward L. Baker, United States consul at Buenos Ayres since 1874, fell under the railway cars in that city and lost his right arm.

The Hungarian crop prospects are very unpromising. The yield of wheat

The functions of the diamond jubilee were transferred from London streets to the palace and the opera. The jucen returned to Windsor, where she received the lords and commoners.

Three thousand denizens of the slums of London were guests of the princess of Wales. It was the occasion of the jubilee dinners to the poor. At Windsor the lords of the admiralty and all the admirals of the foreign ships were received by the queen. The celebration is virtually ended.

In Boston Rudolph Lauricks of the Bay State Wheelman broke every American amateur record from six to twentyfive miles, and created new marks from 25 to 50 miles.

Mrs. Margaret O. Oliphant, the famous novelist and historical writer, died in London, aged 70 years.

A picnic train collided with a passenger train at Millersburg, O., and seven young men were terribly injured and other persons were badly hurt.

During a quarrel at Galena, Kan., Ed Martin shot and killed John Johnson and fatally wounded Claud Tuttle.

The Marsalltown (Ia.) Evening Times-Republican plant was completely gutted by fire Loss, about \$30,000. Christians were attacked by Mussulmans in Crete and a number were killed

on both sides. A magnificent naval display closed

the celebration of Queen Victoria's diamond jubilee.

Mark Twain has rejected the plan of the New York Herald to raise funds to pay his debts.

Dave Smith was shot and instantly killed at Iron River, Wis., by-Mrs. E. N. Lengley while attempting to force his way into her house.

Thirteen buildings were destroyed and four badly damaged by fire at Utica, O.

The percentages of the baseball clubs in the National league for the week ended on the 27th were: Boston, .725; Baltimore, .700; Cincinnati, .653; New York, .620; Brooklyn, .510; Pittsburgh, .500; Cleveland, .490; Philadelphia, .463; Washington, .420; Louisville, .380; Chicago, .365; St. Louis, .204.

The United States senate on the 25th completed the wool schedule, the silk schedule and the tobacco schedule of the tariff bill, and, with this accomplished, all the schedules of the bill and the free list had been gone over once. There now remains only to go through the bill a second time, passing on the items passed over. Senator Hale introduced a resolution restricting the privileges of ex-senators on the floor of the senate to those not interested in legislation and claims, and it was referred to the committee on rules. The house was not in session.

The United States senate started on the 26th on its second consideration of the tariff bill, the purpose being to dispose of all items previously passed over. The para-graphs discussed were in the chemical and earthenware schedule, and failed to elicit more than technical debate. Senator Pettigrew (S. D.) was stricken with paralysis of his vocal chords while making a vehement speech. He was taken to his hotel, and has partially recovered his speech.

## Not Her Wont. "Listen!" he hissed.

"No," she answered, and turning upon her heel brusquely, she left him there alone. For she was a telephone girl by profession, and it was not her wont to listen to anything unless she was sure it was none of her business.-Detroit Journal.

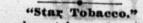
# A Setback.

"We hunted up that intellectual woman who invented the self-rocking cradle. wanted to give her a vote of thanks." We "Well, how did she receive you?"

"The inventor turned out to be a man who wanted to get off to the baseball game."-Detroit Free Press.

# Outdone.

Prof. Braintank-Newton was a great philosopher. By observing the mere fall of an apple he discovered the law of gravity. Smithers — That's nothing. By simply biting an apple Eve discovered the gravity of law.—N. Y. Journal.



As you chew tobacco for pleasure, use Star. It is not only the best, but the most lasting, and therefore the cheapest.

The difficulty with the man who knows too much is that he always will tell it.-N. Y. Weekly.

I can recommend Piso's Cure for Consumption to sufferers from Asthma.-E. D. Townsend, Ft. Howard, Wis., May 4, '94.

Attempt to make reform a paying busi-ness, and it ceases to be reform.—Atchison Globe.

An old pair of shoes spoils the appearance of any woman.—Atchison Globe.

A ball player does not object to being called fast.—Atchison Globe.

pounds, or 1,191 tons. To crate these bi-cycles required 1,235,740 square feet of lum-ber made up in pieces; 72,718,668 separate and distinct pieces entered into the con-struction of '96 Crescents, and if all were placed in a straight line, end to end, they would reach from New York to some distance in the Pacific ocean west of San Fran-cisco.-Crescent Bulletin, July 1, 1897.

the top of the Auditorium tower in Chicago

# A Deep Impression.

Pat returned from London after a holiday, and meeting his priest one day stopped to tell his adventures

"Now, of all the sights you saw, what object struck you most—in fact, left the deepest impression on you?" asked the priest. "Faith, it was a brick from a scaffold as

struck me most and left its deep impression on me," said Pat, showing a cut on his fore hetd.—Spare Moments.

# Two Mighty Continents,

North and South America, beside Guate-mala, the West Indies, Australia, and even Europe, are the fields of usefulness in which Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has demon-strated its value as an antidote to malaria, and as a remedy for dyspepsia, constipation, rheumatism, neuralgia, biliousness, nervous ness, and loss of appetite and sleep. The inhabitants, the medical men of these countries, have spoken in no uncertain tones concerning the efficacy of the great house-hold remedy.

Wheel Accidents.

Flora had a dreadful time last evening didn't come in town until after dark." She didn't come in matter?"

"She lost her powder-rag somewhere out on the road, and couldn't fix up fit to be seen."-Detroit Free Press.

Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is a Constitutional Cure. Price 75c. Some men think they are good to their wives if they build the fires in the morning. -Washington Democrat.

A man philosophizes better than a woman on the human heart, but she reads the hearts of men better than he.—Rousseau.

# Scoff and Cough.

The man who scoffs at the friendly advice, to "take something for that cough," will keep on coughing until he changes his mind or changes his earthly residence. A great many scoffers have been converted by the use of the standard cough remedy of the past half century,-Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. But some are scoffing and coughing yet. They wheeze with asthma, bark with bronchitis or groan with the grippe. Singular, is n't it, the number of stubborn people, who persist in gambling, with health and perhaps life as the stake, when they might be effectually cured of cough, cold or lung trouble, by a few doses of

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. More particulars about Pectoral in Ayer's Curebook, 100 pages. Sent free. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.





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NEW SOUTH WALES' population last ar was 97,640, an increase of about 1000 in one year, due, however, to the excess of births over deaths, as the lony lost more people by emigration than it gained by immigration. The opsiation of Queensland is 264,613.

THERE are eight islands in the Hamian group that are habitable. Their sames and areas are as follows: Hawaii, 4,210 square miles; Oahu, 600; Kausi, 590; Maui, 760; Molokai, 270; Nijhau, 97; Lanai, 150, and Kahoolawe, a stotal area of 6,740 square miles.

A POSTAL card that required 15 years to travel 99 miles breaks the record for slow postal delivery. It was posted in Leicester, Eng., June 1881, and has just been received in London. The address was plainly written on the ard, and no one knows where it has been all this time.

Is a new incandescent vapor lamp the oil is first raised to heated tubes to be changed into gas by air pressure, the tubes being heated by the flame of the lamp and the gas expanding to force the oil into the tubes in place of the air; the flame is surrounded by a hood or mantle to give a white light.

A NEW water bicycle is composed of two air tight tubes with pointed ends. astened together by cross braces, on which is set a shaft supporting a broad addle wheel turned by a chain running from the pedal shaft, a drum casing partially surrounded the paddles to prevent the rider from getting wet.

FLORIDA probably has a hundred or nore survivors of the Seminole wars, for whom congress has provided a yearly pension of \$96 since 1892, and the money is appropriated. Few surrivors, however, can prove their cases for want of muster rolls. The state legislature refuses to appropriate \$1,700 to get copies from the war department.

Is a newly patented toy for children atube is mounted in an angle in a frame with the under side of the lower end cut away, and a spring lever lying in position to hold a fire cracker in the tabe, the lever being pulled back and held in place by clamping the fuse of the cracker so that it will release itself when the fuse is almost burned out, the lever throwing it in the air in time to explode it there.



Loyal Britons March in Honor of rope's thrones. Their Queen.

Three Processions Formed for the Brilliaut Fete of Victoria's Diamond Jubilee-Counter Demonstrations in Ireland.

London, June 23 .- The last stroke of 12 London, June 23.—The last stroke of 12 had not died away in the midnight air when from a hundred metropolitan steeples a tumultuous peal of bells announced Dia-mond Jubilee day. The vast crowd that filled the miles of streets and squares answered with ringing cheers and here and there the singing of "God Save the Queen." In streets off the line of route the decorations were as lavish as was commensurate with the prosperity of the inhabitants. Flags, banners and imperial devices of every sort were displayed, many windows had hangings of some sort, generally scar-lef and gold, or red, white and blue, and many others added flowers.

# THE COLONIAL PROCESSION.

# Picturesque and Brilliant Representatives from the Colonies.

The procession was practically in three sections as far as St. Paul's, though the two last en route to the cathredal were consolidated as they moved into Piccadilly. The first to take up position was the colonial procession, formed on the embankment and moved via the Mall, thence past the palace, where her majesty viewed it from a window, over the route to St. Paul's. The march began at 8:45 and the great cortege proved a welcome relief to the waiting multitude. The procession was headed by an advance party of the Royal Horse guards. Close upon them came a portion of the picturesque Northwest mounted police as escort to the first colonial premier, Hon. Wilfrid Laurier.

Quite as brave and serviceable looking were the New South Wales mounted rifles with their gray semi-sombreros and black ecck's plumes, who succeeded them, escorting the premier of New South Wales, Hon. S. H. Reid.

The Victorian mounted troops followed, smart weather-beaten fellows in unattractive brownish uniforms, succeeded by the New Zealand mounted contingent. Then came the New Zealand premier, Hon. Richard J. Seddon. The Cape of Hope mounted rifles-well set up Good men-wearing the scarlet, with white helmets, rode by to herald the coming of the Cape premier, Hon. Sir J. Gordon Sprigg, K. C. M. G. Hardly had he been noticed, and to the majority unknown, when attention was claimed for the yellowish-brown Kharkee, lit with bright scarlet from the blazing puggaree on the spiked heimets to the double stripes down the seams of tightly fitting corduroy trousers, with large chamois leather patches where the knee gripped the sad-dle, which proclaimed the South Australian mounted troops. These gave place to the premier of Newfoundland, Hon. Sir W. V. Whiteway. From Newfoundland one was transported to Natal by the Natal mounted troops, a contingent similar in model and equipment to their Cape brothers-in-arms. Hon. Sir H. N. Nelson, K. C. M. G., rode after them, the official per-Sonifications of western Australian.

# A Most Attractive Display.

succeeded by the escort of British and foreign princes. Many faces were known, recognized and cheered. This brilliant es-cort was composed of the flower of Eu-

The Queen at Last.

Following the princes came the guard of honor-22 officers of native Indian cavalry corps-men of a fine physique, picturesque uniform and strange faiths. But for these the crowd had few eyes, for the commander in chief who followed behind them none. They could see the queen's horses-it was the queen at last.

A cheer broke forth that seemed to shake the ground, renewed again and again as her majesty's carriage approached.

The famous eight Hanoverian creams cream in color with long talls, white, cold almost fish-like eyes and pink noses, their manes richly woven with ribbons of royal blue, were now passing. The carriage in which her majesty rode

now came abreast. It proved to be a carriage with a light running body built about a quarter of a century ago, and of which her majesty is known to be very fond. The body was dark claret, lined with vermillion, the moldings outlined with beads of brass. Beside her majesty rode the princess of Wales, opposite her majesty H. R. H. Princess Christian.

On the left of her majesty rode H. R. H. the duke of Cambridge, on the right H. R. H., the prince of Wales, who was followed by the duke of Connaught, the general officer commanding.

### AT TEMPLE BAR.

### The Queen Received Into London by the Lord Mayor.

The boundary of the Faithful city has been crossed by her majesty, who has re-ceived the ancient stately homage from her chief magistrate.

The lord mayor and the city officials, or horseback, arrived ten minutes before the queen was due, and very striking was their appearance. Sir Faudel-Phillips wore the earl's robe to which lord mayors are entitled when crowned heads visit the city-a cloak of ruby silk velvet lined with white silk and edged with ermine. Sheriffs Ritchie and Rogers wore the sheriff's velvet court dress, scarlet gowns and chains. The "Verye Goodlye sword," known as "Queen Elizabeth's pearl sword," presented to the corporation by the maiden queen at the opening of a royal exchange A. D. 1570, was carried by the lord mayor. The sword is three feet eleven inches long, with a fine Damascus blade.

On the arrival of the queen the lord mayor uncovered. Approaching the carriage of her majesty his lordship, with all due obeisance, presented the hilt of the city's pearl sword, which was undrawn. This was the ancient ceremony of dutiful submission. The queen lightly touched it, thus returning it to the lord mayor, in token that his submission was graciously accepted by his sovereign. Her majesty then commanded the lord mayor and sheriffs to proceed, and the procession moved towards St. Paul's amid roars of cheers that seemed in the narrow street to be echoed and reechoed.

## IN THE SHADOW OF ST. PAUL'S.

### The Ringing of Bells and Singing of Hymns Greet Her Majesty.

The great bells of St. Paul's broke out in happy chorus as the queen's carriage started from Temple Bar and only ceased as her majesty's carriage stopped in front of the

# DECORATION BY NIGHT.

### Wonderful After-Dark Scene in the British Metropolis.

London, June 23. - With the com-ing of night the crowds which had filtered out of the procession streets after the great show wedged back again to view London alight. The illuminations were achieved more artistically than the decorations by day. At night tho the metropolis were, like everything that the metropolis were, like everything that had previously transpired during the morn-ing hours, greater and more resplendent than anything in her history. The symbols of loyalty and affection, of imperial grand-eur and the growth of the empire that had met the eye in painted and gilded mottoes, devices of paper and bunt-ing and spangled cloth, were now re-flected for miles in lines of flaring gas, glow-worm oil lamps, opal globes, paper lanterns and transparencies, incanpaper lanterns and transparencies, incan-descent lamps, celluloid flowers and hundreds of devices in thousands of colored crystals. Everywhere was brilliancy, spar-kle, color. Every house showed light in some way, and where it was sufficiently brilliant the effect was decidedly enhanced by the day draperies, though the empty clands added rathers a wind affect stands added rather a weird effect.

Leaving Hyde Park, the first notable flumination was that of the Bachelors' club, where a large medallion surmounted by a crown, the center bearing the "V. R. L" all in colored crystal and the em-blazoned words, "God Save the Queen," marked the front of the club, every window of which poured out a stream of light. Other clubs followed suit with many-colored devices, while the private residences facing Green Park were not for a moment outclassed.

### Jubilee Beacon Fires.

With illuminations, which are universal in every city, town and hamlet of England, Wales and Scotland, and in some parts of Ireland, with fleworks in countless places, with illuminations following the fall of night in every part of that empire where the queen has sway, there yet remains to be mentioned the final touch-the lighting of the Empire torch-the ancient form of giving warning or sending joy, the beacon fires. As ten o'clock struck at the Greenwich observatory, a tongue of flame shot upward from Great Malvern, "The Back-bone of the Midlands." It was the jubilee beacon fire. Hardly had the spectator time to look on it before another one flared in the distance on the right, then again on the left, on the north, south, east and west. Peak answered to peak, until from Berwick-on-Tweed to rough Tor and Brown Willie, in Cornwall, from the ca-thedral towers of Litchfield, Worcester. Ripon, Lincoln and Durham, from Skiddaw to St. Hellers, from Hastings to Cader Iris and across the water to Donegal and Dublin, a thousand beacon fires blazed up their message of loyalty to the sovereign. Half an hour later the lowlands, the high-lands, the wild Hebrides, even to Netima Thule, sent answering signals to the sky. And then slowly as the light failed from day to evening round the world, the empire's torch was lit. From St. Heliers the signal leaped to Gibraltar, to Malta, to Cypress, to Ceylon, to India-where It blazed triumphant on the Himilayans-to China, to Australia, to Canada, to the West Indies—the empire's torch shed its radiance over the universe.

## END OF THE FETE.

### Lords and Commoners Present the Congratulatory Addresses,

London, June 23 .- Wednesday was one of the most fatiguing of the week for the

# THE WOOL SCHEDULE.

## Features of the Discussion in the United States Senate.

Washington, June 22.-An exciting de-bate marked the consideration of the wool schedule which began in the senate Tuesday. It developed the first serious dis-agreement on the republican side of the chamber and led to a warm personal exchange between Senators Carter (Mont.) and Foraker (O.) on one hand, and Senator Allison (Ia.), in charge of the bill, on the other. Senator Foraker asserted that an agreement concerning rates on certain wools was being violated and that under such circumstances every senator would be free to act for himself. Senator Allison, with great vehemence, declared that he could not be driven by threats. Senator Carter, who had aroused the storm, endeavored to have the paragraph relating to carpet wools go over, with a view to securing some united action, but Senator Vest, in an ironical speech, objected to delaying the era of prosperity and postponing the public business while republican senators held a caucus. Senator Teller (Col.) also spoke against delay and took occasion to say he would not vote for the bill unless objectionable features were eliminated.

Washington, June 24 .- After a contest lasting throughout the day the senate completed the paragraphs of the wool schedule relating to raw wool and advanced into the features relating to manufactured woolen goods. The day was devoted largely to a discussion of the effect of tariff rates on the price of wool, and the speeches were on technical lines in the main.

At one point Senator Hoar diverted the discussion by a reference to William J. Bryan's opposition to the tariff. This brought Senators Mantle and Allen and Stewart to the defense of Mr. Bryan. Senator Teller was drawn into the controversy, and in a few remarks warned his former republican associates that their hopes of prosperity from this bill would be blasted. Senator Quay made a strong ef-fort to have the house ad valorem rates on third-class wool adopted, but was defeated, 19 to 41.

The committee rates were then agreed to, viz., four cents per pound on thirdclass wool valued at ten cents or less per pound, and seven cents per pound on thirdclass wool valued above ten cents per pound. The schedule was completed up to paragraph 364, relating to cloths, knit fabrics, etc.

Washington, June 25 .- Mr. Caffery (dem., La.) referring to the recent course of several democratic senators, said: "Sir, we hear senators on this floor belonging to the democratic party stating four propositions: "1. That the doctrine of free raw material is not democratic. 2. That if one article is dutied all ought to be. 3. That if protection is going the rounds democrats might as well get the benefits of it by asking protection for their home industries. 4. That there is no principle involved in a tariff bill, but merely a question of schedules."

Mr. Caffery examined each of these propositions, pointing out what he regarded as their fallacies. Veteran democrats who were born and will die with true democratic faith in their hearts and minds, he said, repudiated them. They looked upon them as an effort to crucify their creed. And, like the Christian who embraces the image of his crucified Saviour as the last hour of mortality approaches, so will they embrace and cling to with a love and faith which no sophistry can destroy and no temptation revenue only as the nearest approach to that free trade hoped for by the democratic party. "Is it possible," said he, "that we denounce plunder only to join the plunderers? That we point to the straight and honest path of democratic duty and then tread the primrose path of republican wickedness; that we abhor sin and join the sinners?" Mr. Caffery spoke for two hours, summing up as follows: "I believe in a tariff on luxuries. I believe in excise taxes. I believe in an income tax. I believe in a tariff on imports, placed so as to put money in the coffers of the government and not in the pockets of individuals. I do not believe in protection, save for the purpose of protecting each citizen in the enjoyment of legal, constitutional and natural rights." Mr. Allen took occasion to criticise senators for debating "like school boys" on technicalities of the bill. It was "rot and nonsense," he said, "to sit here day after day and discuss this bill." He wanted to see it passed as speedily as possible, that it might be exposed as the "gigantic failure of the age.' Mr. Gray exhibited samples of henriettas, serges and other women's dress goods, pointing out that the cost on some would be advanced from 25 to 57 cents a yard, others from 15 to 23 cents a yard, etc., or from one dollar to two dollars on every ordinary house dress. Mr. Warren, of Wyoming, answered that Yankee ingenuity could produce the goods exhibited by Mr. Gray quite as well as the foreign factory, and that competition among the American manufacturers would keep down the price to the consumer. He also spoke of the decrease of the number of sheep under the Wilson bill. "If the American people submit to these outrageous rates at the polls," responded Mr. Gray, "then there are more sheep in the United States than I suspect." Washington, June 26 .- The senate Friday completed the wool schedule, the silk schedule and the tobacco schedule of the tariff bill, and with this accomplished, the tariff leaders had the satisfaction of knowing that all the schedules of the bill and the free list had been gone over once. There now remains only to go through the bill a second time, passing on the items passed over. These are very numerous and important, including hides, gloves, coal, tea and beer. After that the internal revenue features of the tariff bill will be an that remain. Progress was rapid, although every paragraph relating to carpets was stubbornly contested. The consideration of the silk schedule led to a strong contest against the proposed duties on silk fabrics, Senators Teller and Mantle joining with the democrats in opposition. The paragraph was passed by the slender majority of two. The tobacco schedule went through with little friction after the committee had advanced the duty slightly on wrapper and leaf tobacco.

QUEEN VICTORIA has some proficiency as a vocalist. From the programme of the royal private concerts, left by Sir Michael Costa, it is discovered that on one evening she sang no fewer than fve times, and on occasion sang in duets and trios, not only with the prince consort, but with such artists as Rubini and Lablache. Mendelssohn himself has borne enthusiastic testimony to the queen's excellence as a vocalist.

HONOLULU is a city of 30,000 popula. tion. It is pleasantly situated and covers much territory, each house, except in the business blocks, being provided with a garden, some of them of great extent and beauty. The city is lighted by electricity, has a complete telephone system and a reasonably good street railway service. It has. sea bathing, suburban resorts, public parks and commodious and handsome public buildings; and in these and othr particulars is ahead of many American and European cities of larger population.

The question of population has been serious ones in France for the past 20 years. Every ministry in power has devised some means of encouragag large families. Premiums have een set upon babies, fathers whose cradies have been especially full have been publicly hailed and decorated. Still the birth rate is discouragingly ow. Scientists say there are two causes, the abuse of absinthe by the men; the abuse of corsets by the women. Happily neither of these causes promise to effect the size of young America.

A DIVING bell, consisting of a thick hollow cube of about six feet and weighing rather more than ten tons, was recently lowered into water 200 feet deep, with strong timbers attached to it, in order to test its strength. After the bell had reached the bottom It was noticed that the timbers came up in splinters, and when the bell was alled up it was crushed out of all recognition of its former shape. The water pressure was calculated to be \$53,924 pounds on each side, and a resulting pressure of over 1,360 tons on the cube

One way in which the crew of an cean steamer detect the fact that they re nearing the neighborhood of icebergs is by observing the action of the opeller. The water surrounding the vicinity of icebergs is much colder than ordinary for a considerable disance around, and when the vessel enters water of such a reduced temperature the propeller runs faster. When this action is perceptibly increased without the steam power being augmented, word is sent up from the engine room to the officer on the bridge, and a close lockout is kept.

The premiers being disposed of, then acceeded a really most attractive display, mounted troops of the crown colonies, the Rhodesian horse, the Colonial infantry, broken by three bands, typical of the United Kingdom, those of St. George's, the London Scottish and the London Irish rifle volunteer corps and others. Then there passed the splendid contingent from Canada, infantry, 175 strong. Following came the real oddities, in the eyes of Londoners, of which the Zaplichs from Cyprus divided the honors with the Dyaks of Borneo. Both are military police. The Trinidad field artillery, the Sierra Leone militia, with their strange small blue turbans and depending tassels and knicker-bockers; the British Guiana police, with their white-curtained caps; the Haussas in the familiar zouave costumes of long ago, and the Royal Niger Haussas-men who fought at Ilorin and Bida-in uniforms of Kharkill cloth, trousers exposing the leg and shaved heads, were all blacks. The Haussas, the blackest of the blacks, wearing "the burnished livery of the sun,"

were most enthusiastically greeted. THE MILITARY PROCESSION.

# Gorgeous Display of the Queen's Gallant Defenders.

The second procession passed the palace 50 minutes after the colonials had climbed Constitution hill. It more than eloquently filled in the picture of Britain's war strength: more than magnificently completed the carnival of gorgeous costume and color. Scarlet and blue and gold, white and yellow, shining cuirasses and polished helmets, plumes and tassels, furs, and gold and silver spangled cloths, bulembroideries and accoutrements, llon splendid trappings and more splendid trapsplendid trappings and more splendid trap-pings for men, sashes and stars, crosses and medals-medals for the Crimea, In-dian, Seringapatam, the Nile, Ashanti, Afghanistan, Chitral, South Africa, China and dozens of others, and here and there the finest of them all, the finest and most bishing prized the world can show, the Vichighly prized the world can show, the Vic-toria Cross; death dealing weapons, swords and revolvers, carbines and cutlasses, batteries of artillery, men of splendid physique and horses with rare action fully entering in the spirit and the meaning of it all, the fondly carried colors for which these men would die, and over all the rich strains of that music they best loved to hear-the sight was one to stir the blood as only sol-diers have stirred it since the dawn of time. But the scores of troops and companies were literally too numerous to mention except as a brilliant whole. It seemed like nothing so much as some stream of burnished gold flowing between dark banks of human beings gathered to witness its passage to a land of light.

THE QUEEN! THE QUEEN!

# Greeted by Applause That Makes the Ground Tremble.

The empire had passed in review, and the head of it all was now to come, her majesty. The royal procession proper was interwoven with the crowd of wait-

ing dignitaries of all sorts. Then followed alone the lord lieutenant of London. his grace; the duke of West-minster, K. G., in a lord lieutenant's dress. minster, R. G., in a ford neutenant's dress. The duke was followed by a glittering cavalcade of officers, the headquarters staff. To them succeeded field marshals. Next came three officers of the auxiliary Next came three officers of the auxiliary forces in attendance on H. R. H. the rince of Wales. Then a complement from

prince of Wales. Then a complement from the kaiser, a deputation from the First Prussian dragoon guards, "Queen of Great Britain and Ireland's Own." After the Germans came the most brilliant group of all the soldiery, the officers of the im

perial service troops from India. The special envoys not numbered among the princes followed the Indians, in 11 wo-horse landaus from the royal mows,

all painted lake and vermillion. The first part of the sovereign's escort rode into view, the Second Life guards. As their well-known brilliant uniforms appeared the whisper ran electrically: "She's coming." The guards were soon any quarter.

steps of the city queen's procession arrived the carriages containing the envoys and the princesses drew up in en chelon on the ordinary roadway on the right as to face the cathedral. With the stopping of the queen's carriage the picture was complete and the swelling hymn that had risen on the summer air from five choristers of her majesty's chapel royal. Westminster Abbey and St. Paul's ceased its grand harmonies in one long drawn soft "Amen." The service was about to begin. Nowhere else on the route already traversed were the slopes of faces carried to so great a height. All around like some vast amphitheater walls of people stretched upwards as if to climb the sky.

The ecclesiastics, who had issued from the great west door as the queen approached, standing beside the improvised altar, now began the simple service. A Te Deum by Dr. Martin, organist of St. Paul's, composed for the occasion, was sung. As the sonorous "Amen" died away the

sweet voices of the cathedral clergy were heard chanting "O Lord, Save the Queen," to which one great choir in a wondrous volume of harmonious sound responded: 'And Mercifully Hear Us When We Call Upon Thee." The bishop of London, in full canonicals, then read a short collect, after which, as her majesty sat with bowed head, the archbishop of Canterbury announced the benediction.

### National Anthem Sung.

Then midst the further ringing of bells the national anthem was sung and the queen drove on into other scenes.

At the law courts the queen was met by the lady mayoress, who presented her majesty with a basket of flowers. The flowers which the lady mayoress presented to her majesty were gorgeous orchids in a silver filigree basket, the handles being surmounted by a lovers' knot on which was engraved: "To Her Majesty, Queen Victoria, Presented by Helen Faudel-Phil-lips, Lady Mayoress."

## Back to the Palace.

As her majesty entered the gates of the palace at two o'clock a distant gun in Hyde park announced to so much of the world as was not before the gates that the great procession was over. The event so long prepared had passed into history. sound of the royal salute was anwered still by cheering as if the loyal subjects who came to cheer had not yet satis-fied their ambition and then the crowd faded away as it came.

### IN IRELAND.

## Parnellites Display Black Flags and Parade with Coffins.

London, June 23 .- The jubilee was celebrated in almost all parts of Ireland with enthusiasm by public official fetes, decorations, illuminations and bonfires. The Parnellites, however, were very busy with counter demonstrations. In Dublin a procession went through the streets carrying a black flag and a coffin labeled "The Brit-ish Empire," and smashing the windows of illuminated houses. The city has not been so thoroughly excited since the death of Parnell. In the evening a large meeting was held in the Dublin town hall in memory of the rebellion of '98 and speeches were made glorifying the men who were the heroes of that movement.

At Cork the National society hung out At Cork the National society hung out black flags and attempted to holst one on the municipal flagstaff, but the police in-terfered. At night the hilltops were all ablaze with bonfires. At Limerick the po-lice removed black flags from the town hall and from a number of public monuments. During the evening John Daly addressed a small hostile demonstration. As against this the Royal Irish regiment held a mili-tary tattoo and there were several torchtary tattoo and there were several torch-light processions, in all of which large numbers of citizens participated. Throughout the United Kingdom and the

colonies and the principal European cities, according to the day's telegrams, there were enthusiastic celebrations of the event, and no untoward incident is reported from

queen, the official programme demanding the reception of several distinguished bodies of official personages, a garden party and the reception of addresses at Slough, Eaton and Windsor. The chief event of the day, and one of the most interesting of the entire week, was the presentation to the queen of congratulatory addresses by both houses of parliament, which occurred at Buckingham palace during the morning.

There were brief formalities at Westminster, the two houses meeting and the formal announcement being made by Lord Halsbury in the house of lords and Mr. Balfour in the house of commons, that the queen would be pleased to receive the two houses. They proceeded in stately procession to the palace. They were assembled in the ballroom of the palace, and after a brief delay the doors were thrown open and the announcement made that her majesty was prepared to give them audience. Thereupon the lord chancellor and the speaker of the house of commons advanced side by side to the throne, each followed by the members of his own house. Lord Chancellor Halsbury knelt at the feet of the throne, read the address there on his knees, and handed it to the queen.

The commissioners were headed by Speaker Gully, who stood while he read to her majesty the address from the house

of commons. At the conclusion of the reading the queen bowed and the commissioners retired in a body. Both addresses are officially described as a humble expression of duty and wishes for a long life for her majesty.

### Mayors and Provosts.

After the parliamentary ceremony the gueen received in the same manner the mayors and provosts of provinces, and chairmen of county councils, who afterwards were entertained at luncheon in the palace. They were attired in levee dress, consisting of black knickerbockers and stockings, black velvet coats and steel buttons, black plumed hats and swords. Later her majesty inspected the yeomen of the guard.

The queen left the palace soon after 4:30 p. m., returning to Paddington railroad station by the same route as was followed on her arrival in semi-state. Her majesty was greeted with the same enthusiasm.

School Children Greet the Queen, There was a pretty sight on Constitution hill, near the palace, where in the grand stand used to view the procession Tuesday 10,000 children from the board schools, Church of England schools, Wesleyan schools, Catholic schools and Jewish schools were inspected by her majesty. Each child wore a special medal and a red badge and the teachers wore blue badges and white dresses. All the children were dressed in their Sunday best, and presented a very pretty picture. On the arrival of the queen the children all joined in singing the national anthem, led by a band, with a heartiness and freshness never surpassed up to the present. The marguis of Londonderry, as chairman, presented her majes-ty an address in behalf of the school board, and the bishop of London and others did the same in behalf of the other school bodies.

### At Windsor Castle.

The final episode of the progress was at the castle gates, where the addresses from the Windsor bodies were received. As the queen's carriage appeared at the entrance of her home, the national anthem was chanted in welcome by 300 volces. The lay's festivities were brought to an end by an illumination of the palace. A Gala London Night.

London, June 24.—In the city the night was made notable by a gala performance at the opera in Covington garden, which was royally decorated. The ten central was royally decorated. The ten central boxes were torn down to make room for the royal box, which was really a magnifi-cent salon decorated with tapestries and bowered in roses. A special staircase was erected and an entrance cut for the prince of Wales and his party.

## Feasts for the Poor.

London, June 25 .- Tens of thousands of the poor of London were made happy Thursday by the bounty of the princess of Wales. Wholesome food in ample quantities was furnished in the slum districts to all applicants. Large halls in the center of each district had been rented for the occasion, and none of the hungry was turned away. The princess, accompanied by the prince of Wales, Princess Victoria of Wales and Prince and Princess Charles of Denmark visited the principal halls where the feasts were given.

### Treaty Is Signed.

Tegliogalpa, Honduras, June 25 (via Galveston).-A treaty for the provisional union of the five republics of Central America has been signed by Guate-



And the Chelsea Public day in town. Drinks with you.

JANDRI



Vanishes the frown from the critic's brow.

Satisfies the appetite. Refreshes the wearied.

Sold at

# FREEMAN'S.

# **Did You Ever**

Stop to think that it pays to look around before you purchase a

Harness, Buggy, Organ or Piano?

Before purchasing, it will pay you to call at my store, inspect friends. goods and get prices.

Special attention is called to our Shining Light Axle Grease and Harness Oil, machine and coach oils of all kinds, pure vegetable castor oil for buggies.

Also a complete stock of horse furnishing goods.

"WE KNOW"

# Chelses and Vicinity.

Percy Brooks is on the sick list. Wm. Self and family spent Wednesday in Jackson.

V. D. Hindelang, of Albion, spent Sun

E. Beeman and wife left for Owosso last Saturday.

W. D. Chadwick, of Stockbridge, wa in town Wednesday.

M. J. Lehman and wife, of Ann Arbor, pent Sunday in town.

Miss Grace Billings, of Toledo, called on relatives here last week. Claire Durand, of Detroit, is the guest

of relatives here this week. Chas. Paul, of Lima, has purchased

new Advance threshing rig.

The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. James Sharp died Sunday, June 27.

John L. Hindelang was an Albion vis itor the fore part of this week.

Joseph Irwin and wife, of Jackson, ar visiting relatives in this vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. Timothy McKune went to Tipton last week for a brief yisit. Miss Ella Breitenbach, of Detroit, in

the guest of her mother this week. Mrs. Mary Wackenhut, Sr., is visiting

relatives in Toledo, Ohio, this week. Mr. Roscoe Germond, of Adrian, is

isiting friends in Chelsea this week. Mrs. E. A. Sigfred, of Stockbridge, was

the guest of Chelsea friends this week. Born, June 20, 1897, to Mr. and Mrs

John Breitenbach, of Lyndon, a daughter. Dr. Reilly, of Adrian, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Timothy McKune this

week. Jacob Zang and sister, Mrs. C. Spirnagle, spent Sunday with Manchester

Leander Tichenor left for Clark's Lake last Saturday, where he will spend the summer.

Miss Bessie Winans and Master Elmer Winans are visiting relatives and friends in Lansing.

Mr. Wm. J. Dawson, of Detroit, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Timothy McKune this week.

Mr. and Mrs. O. D. Cumming, of Kalamazoo, spent a few days here last week with relatives.

Deputy Sheriff Staffan was called to Ann Arbor last Monday to identify a ounle of priso Mr. and Mrs. John Schlee, of Ann Arbor, were the guests of Chelsea friends

# Climate and Grop Bulletin.

G. W. Palmer CHICAGO, June 28, 1897 .--- The reports as to the condition of the crops throughout the country and the general effect of the weather upon the growth and cultivation of the crops were made yesterday by the Office over Kempf's new bank, Chel directors of the several climate and crop sections. The reports received at Chicago were as tollows:

The week ending June 28 was warmer than usual in the southern states, includ ing Oklahoms, Kansas and portions of Missouri and New Mexico. It was also slightly warmer than usual over portions of the north Pacific coast. Along the west Gulf states and central Florida nearly normal temperature conditions prevailed. The deficiency in temperature from central Montana eastward to the New England coast exceeded three degrees per day and amounted to six degrees in the upper Ohio valley and lake region.

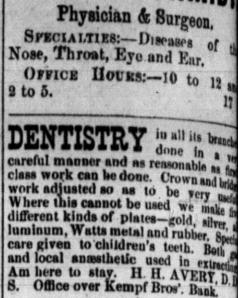
Except over limited areas in Kentucky Tennessee and portions of the south Atlantic and east Gulf states, where the rainfall was excessive, the week was generally drier than usual from the lake region and New England southward to the Gulf coast. It was also drier than usual in central and northern Louisiana, Texas, Oklahoma, over the western portions of Nebraska and Kansas and generally throughout the central and southern Rocky Mountain regions.

While somewhat too cool for best results over the more northerly districts, with excessive heat in the southern states, the week has, upon the whole, been favorable for growth and cultivation of crops and harvesting of grain. Local storms have caused injury to crops in portions of New Jersey, Alabama, Kentucky and Missouri, but the damage has been comparatively light. Portions of the Ohio valley, Gulf states, western Kansas and Colorado are needing rain.

Splendid weather for work and fair for growth. Corn and oats have good color, are much improved but backward. Wheat continues promising and is just beginning to turn. Beans made good stand. Corn and early potatoes about all cultivated. Clover having well started and is heavy crop, but cures slowly. Scarcely any damage from Monday's frost.

> E. B. GARRIOTT, Professor, Weather Bureau.

Cut This Out.



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PHELPS. Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon.

Office in Durand & Hatch Build ing, Chelsea. Special office hour 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m. Residen on Park street, opposite M. E. chure

N. E. FREER Attorney at Law

Notary Public, Insurance Real Estate.

Office in the Hatch & Duran Building, Chelsea, Mich.

FIRE ! FIRE !!

If you want insurance call Gillert & Crowell. We represent companies whose gross assets amount to the sum of \$45,000,000.



Regular meetings of Olive Lodge No. 156, F. & A. M., for 1897: Jan. 12; Feb. 16; Mar. 16; Apri

This coupon is worth fifty cents on one 13; May 11; June 8, July 13; A

How close money matters are with you, and we are prepared for close buyers.

# TRY US

And be satisfied that we are right.

C. STEINBACH.

# GEO, WEBSTER.

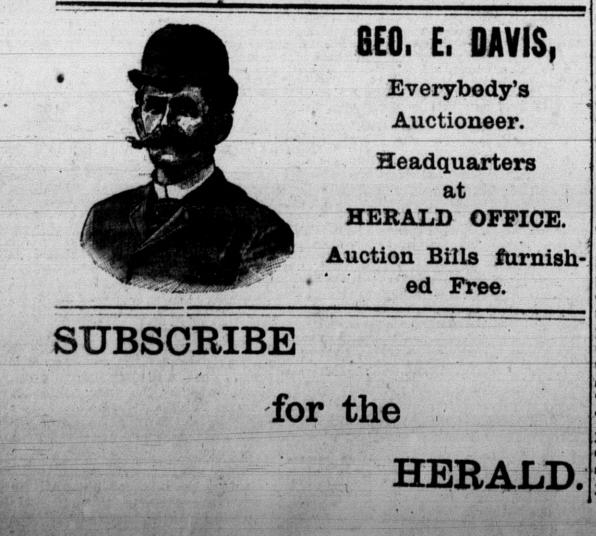
# Good Things to Eat At Eppler's Market.

# Home-grown Meats and Poultry.

We are always supplied with Hams and Bacon for which our market is famous. They are cured by our own process and have no superior. Pure steam kettle rendered lard a specialty. Fry our Summer Sausage. Orders promptly filled and delivered.

# ADAM EPPLER.

Highest market price paid for hides and tallow.



a few days this week. are spending a few weeks in Detroit, apply on one dozen. Cleveland and Ontario.

Mr. John Dunphy, of Melbourne, Australia, was a guest at St. Mary's Rectory, Chelsea, last Sunday, June 27.

Mr. and Mrs. Sherm Pierce, of Scotts, have returned and will make their home on his farm southeast of town.

Miss Alice Gorman, who has recently returned from the Cooper Institute of Art, New York, made a brief visit with friends in Tipton, where she may open an art studio in the future.

Died, at her home in this village, Friday, June 25, 1897, Mrs. Henry Speer, aged about 66 years. The funeral was held from the house Sunday afternoon, Rev. J. I. Nickerson officiating.

Children's Day exercises at St. Paul's church last Sunday evening passed off very pleasantly. The church was handsomely decorated with flowers, and the children did credit to themselves and teachers.

Mrs. C. H. Kempf, Mrs. J. S. Edmonds, James Allen and wife, O. Clark, and the Misses Kate Haarer, Sophia Schatz and Kate Canfield left Tuesday for an extended trip through California and neighboring states.

Last Monday evening Court Chelses 1612, I. O. F., initiated a class of twenty. After the business of the evening was over, all adjourned to the Chelsea House, where a banquet had been prepared. Geo. BeGole acted as toastmaster, and responses were made by A. A. Weeks, deputy high chief ranger; and Messrs. Blosser, Case, Robinson and Yocum, of Manchester, and Messrs. Wilkinson, Hoover, Palmer, Lighthall, McKone and others of this village.

The reports of the sheriffs of the state for the last fiscal year show that 16,889 prisoners, of whom 1,099 were women, occupied the different county jails. Of tion, 1,174 to the Detroit house of correction, 177 to the industrial school for boys, and 40 to the industrial school for girls.

dozen Cabinet Photos, or twenty-five cents on smaller, if used on July 8. You can have sitting made on 3rd or engage sitting for a later date. Not good unless The Misses Maggie and Ella Nickerson presented on the 3rd. Only one ticket to

> THE BERBYMAN STUDIO, Successor to Gibson & Clark, 12 W. Huron st., Ann Arbor, Mich.

# What Comes From Laziness.

Laziness is the besetting sin of small towns. There is not a small city or vil-

lage in the country where there are not a dozen or more men doing nothing and doing it industriously (?). They are simply too lazy to work. They are sure to be found about the stores, at the railway stations and upon the street corners, as well as at every public gathering. They stand around, a gaping, gossiping, goodfor-nothing, growling crowd.

The evil would not be so great if the lazy fellows alone suffered, but the fact is, they suffer the least. Somebody must support them in idleness. An added burden is thus placed upon the community Either mother, father. wife or some one must work to keep them in idleness.

We talk about decreasing the number of hours for the workers of the world. We could cheerfully join in an agitation to increase the number of workers from the ranks of the idlers. If all the chronic loafers could be put to work ten hours, the day's labor would be diminished without assistance.

From this idle, shiftless class come the recruits which keep the standing army of American criminals full. It is an old but entirely true saying that an idle brain is the devil's workshop. Mr. Devil has more workshops in this and every other town than we are apt to think .-- He is not idle.-Courier.

# A Valuable Prescription.

Editor Morrison of Worthington, (Ind.) Sun, writes: "You have a valuable prescription in Electric Bitters, and I these prisoners 280 were sentenced to state | can cheerfully recommend it for Constipaprison, 812 to the state house of correc- tion and Sick Headache, and as a general system tonic it has no equal." Mrs. Annie Stehle, 2625 Cottage Grove Ave., Chicago, was all run down, could not eat nor digest There were 81 escapes during the year. food, had a backache which never left her, The cost of maintaining the jails for the and felt tired and weary, but six bottles of year and arresting and conveying prison- Electric Bitters restored her health and ers to penal institutions was \$187,908.71, renewed her strength. Prices 50 cents about \$10,000 less than the preceding and \$1.00. Get a bottle at Glazier & Stimson's drug store.





Subscribe for the Chelsea Herald



# S. Holmes Mercantile Co.

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# We offer some very good bargains for this week

Every pair of lace curtains at 1-3 off regular price. Sash curtaining at 5, 6, 7, 10 and 19 cents. Choice of 8 pair of portieres, \$6.00 to \$7.00, now \$5.00 a pair. Special prices on shades and fixtures. New lot of fancy sash ribbons, worth 35 to 50 cents, for 25 cents. Half wool fancy challies, were 20 cents, now 8 cents. Good light colored percales, 36 inches wide, for 8 cents. New styles in dimities, regular 10 cent goods, for 8 cents. New fancy dimities and organdies, 15 cent goods, for 10 cents.

# HOSIERY.

Ladies' fast black seamless hose for 10 cents. Ladies' fast black seam. less hose, worth 18 cents, now 2 for 25c. Ladies' fast black seamless, wear guaranteed, for 25c. Ladies' assorted fancy colors, were 25 to 40c, now 15c. Children's ribbed black hose, were 15c, now 2 for 25c. Children's plain black seamless hose for 10c. Boys' "best wearing" ribbed hose in for his home near Grand Rapids. Chelsea for 25 cents.

Shirtwaists with detachable collars for 50c. New styles and patterns in Mrs. Staffan's. See ad. on first page. shirtwaists for \$1.00. 35 ladies' outing skirts, 25c quality, for 19c.

Men's Furnishing Goods Department Bargains .- We have some odd lots and sizes that we shall close out this coming month. If low prices will clean out odd lots, we will make the prices. Fancy shirts.\$1 goods, now The. Fancy shirts, regular \$1.00, now 50c. A big lot of fancy and solid colored socks, regular 25c quality, now 19c. A lot of 40 and 50c socks now 25c. Seamless fast black socks, 2 pr. for 25c. The items in our hat dept. are too many to enumerate. If you want a new straw or wool hat, we have them at any price and in every style. New crash hats, latest fad, all sizes in stock, for 50c.

Do you ride a wheel? We offer every bicycle suit at cost.

# H. S. HOLMES MERCANTI CO.

# Here and There.

S. Newton is visiting old friends in this vicinity.

Jas. Speer was a Dexter visitor last Monday.

Crayon pictures free at Farrell's. See ad. on this page.

W. D. Arnold lost a valuable Jersey cow last Friday.

A. A. Hall, of Stockbridge, was a Cheleea visitor last Monday.

Lon Isbell, of Stockbridge, was a Chelsea visitor last Tuesday.

Two new threshing machines were unloaded here the past week.

Abe Wallace, of Ann Arbor, was Chelsea visitor last Tuesday.

Prof. L. A. McDiarmid left Saturday

Annual reduction sale of millinery a

Wm. Covert, of Lima, marketed the finest strawberries seen here this year. The dry goods boxes have their usual summer decorations-jack-knife and a lazy man.

Eight dollars from Cleveland to Mackinac and return; \$7.00 from Toledo to Mackinac and return; \$6.00 from Detroit to Mackinac and return. The above special tourist rates will be put into effect June 20, via Detroit & Cleveland Steam Navigation Co.'s new mammoth steel passenger steamers. The round trip from Cleveland, including meals and berths, costs \$16 00, from Toledo \$14, from De troit \$11.50. Send 2 cents for illustrated pamphlet. Address A. A. Schantz, G P. A., Detroit, Mich.

From the school rooms of the country this month there comes an army of young men and women to take up life's work. Whether that work be as successful as these graduates anticipate or not, the comforting thought comes to us that our poorhouses and penal institutions are not occupied with persons who have even a fair education. The right kind of an education is a preventative of crime. Such an education is not entirely acquired in school, and yet good students come from homes where the surroundings are not all that could be desired, and they maintain in after life the honorable position they held in the school.-Jonesville Independent.

Michigan.

The picnic to be held at Whitmore Lake of the demands made by Senators from on Monday, July 5, for the benefit of Ann the wool-growing states. This was made Arbor's new Catholic church promises to apparent to everybody just after the Senbe a monster affair. All the neighboring ate had by the unexpectedly large majorparishes have been invited and all will ity of 55 to 13 voted to adopt the Finance turn out. All the rest of the country is Committee amendment reducing the hereby invited. Don't stay at home lest House rates on third-class wools from 11 you be alone. Special reduced rates may to 10 cents. There was more or less exbe had on all railways. The fare to Whit- citement on the floor just after that vote more Lake and return from Ann Arbor was taken when Sepator Carter said imwill be only 25c; Howell to Whitmore pressively: "The vote just taken dis-Lake and return only 30c. Correspond- closes a purpose to make reductions in ingly low rates from other points. An the rates on raw wools. The day of reckexcellent program is being prepared. Mr. oning is yet to come. The votes which T. J. McDonald, one of Ohio's great or- have combined for this reduction will not ators, will be the principal speaker. combine to pass the bill." Senator For-Henry Conlon is also on for a short aker added to the excitement by intimatspeech. Jim Harkins and Dean Seabolt ing bad faith on the part of Senator Alwill introduce some specialties. "Jim" is lison and the committee. Senators always a cure for indigestion. Good sing- Allison and Platt, of Connecticut, replied ing by Miss Frances Caspary, Bruno St. on behalf of the committee. Senators James, Frank McIntyre, Joseph Kelly and Vest and Teller nagged the republicans others. Save your money for a good by charging them with delaying the tariff square meal consisting of roast beef, bill. But it was a case of must with the chicken pot pie, pork and beans, spring committee, and after a hurried consultalamb, bread, country butter, tea or coffee, tion, without leaving the chamber, Senacake, etc., all for 25c. Father Goldrick tor Allison offered the amendment dewill be toastmaster. Everybody will be manded by the wool men-providing that made welcome. Remember the date, scoured wool of the third class shall pay three times the duty of unscoured wool of July 5. the same class, and it was adopted by If we want honest government, honest men must combine and work to get it. calm again; but the incident shows how They must do this not in one election, but easy it would be to raise a storm that in every election. The bosses have taken would wreck the bill. possession of our nominating system, and Senator Butler this week called up and through it have established their depotisms had read his resolution directing the Senbecause of the neglect of the duties of ate Committee on Privileges and Eleccitizenship by the great mass of the peotions to inquire into and report upon the ple. These depotisms will continue just practicability of applying the principle of as long as this neglect continues. Railing the iniative and referendum to federal at them, feeling ashamed of them, getting legislation, and Senator Perkins reintrodespondent about the future of popular duced his bill of last session providing for government because of them, will not the appointment of a commission for the disturb them a particle. If we are too investigation of labor agricultural and inbusy, or too indifferent, or too lazy, or dustrial conditions and problems. too unpatriotic to attend to the business of Somebody must have been mistaken in government ourselves, the bosses will atannouncing when Mr. Calhoun first re tend to it for us in their own way, and be turned from Cuba that his report was not mighty glad of the opportunity. The responsibility for it and the shame of it rest not upon them, but upon us. When the burden becomes intolerable, there will be an "uprising of the people in their might and majesty," and the bosses, totendered to Mr. Calhoun. gether with their system, will be swept away. When this upheaval will come no man can say, but one would think that it must be at hand. It may be that an in- and the two companies which have a King's New Life Pills in connection with scrutable Providence is subjecting us to a monopoly of the making of armor plates Dr. King's New Discovery, as they reguperiod of boss depotism in order that we for our navy vessels, when the Senate late and tone the stomach and bowels. may perceive the advantage of popular Committee on Appropriations this week We guarantee perfect satisfaction or regovernment and may exert ourselves reported the general deficiency appropria- turn money. Free trial bottles at Glazier sufficiently to bring about its restoration. tion bill to the Senate. This bill limits & Stimson's drug store. Regular size

# Washington News.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 25, 1897 .--The Senate Committee on Foreign Relations devoted the entire time of its meeting this week to the treaty for the annexatreaty that has been made by Japan. The treaty was referred to a sub-committee consisting of Senators Davis, Foraker and Morgan, all favorable to annexation, with instructions to investigate and report to the full committee. As the sub-committee will go into the subject thoroughly. igency should demand an earlier one. Japanese business men now in Washington do not hesitate to say that their government is much more anxious to increase Japanese trade with the United States than to quarrel with us about the annexa-

tion of Hawaii, which makes it appear that the Japanese protest has been filed more with the hope of obtaining trade concessions of some sort with us than with any idea of retarding or preventing annexation.

The tariff bill will not be a law by the 4th of July, but present indications are that it will have passed the Senate by that date, notwithstanding the wrangles, political, personal and industrial, which have characterized the debate this week. It is perfectly clear to the Senate that the people of the country, both those who believe that the new tariff will bring better times and those who do not, want the tariff bill passed, and the Senate is going to pass it. Agreements have been reached upon all the schedules over which there was a division among the republicans, and it is difficult to see what is to prevent

a final vote being reached by the close of next week.

It will be an honor seldom accorded to a new member of the Senate, even when he is of the same politics as the majority, should the republican members of the Senate Judiciary Committee, to which the whole subject was referred for consideration, decide to recommend the adoption of the anti-trust amendment to the tariff bill offered by Senator Pettus, as the best amendment proposed, as report says they will.

The fact was very clearly demonstrated in the Senate this week that the necessary votes to pass the tariff bill could only be obtained by granting the greater portion

may pay for armor to \$425 a ton. The last naval appropriation bill limited the price to \$400 a ton, and the two companles which have armor making plants refused to bid, claiming that they could not furnish the armor at a profit for less tion of Hawaii and the protest against the than \$450 a ton. Whether they will bid under the new limit remains to be aseertained.

# Notice of Annual Stockholders' Meeting

The annual stockholders' meeting of the Chelsea Electric Light Company will there is no probability of a report being be held at the office of the Glazier Stove made before December, unless some ex- Company, in the Village of Chelses, on Thursday, July 8, 1897, for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may come before said meeting. Polls will be open from one to two o'clock p. m.

FRED WEDEMEYER, Secretary.

# An Ideal Hostess.

Opinions differ as to what constitutes an ideal hostess, but according to a number of society women, who were recently discussing the subject, here are some of the indispensable qualities she must possess:

She must make you feel individually that you are the favored guest.

She must make you feel perfectly at home.

She must see everything and yet possess the art of seeming to see nothing.

She must never look bored.

She must be able to hear the same story over a hundred different times, and still be competent to smile approvingly at the right point.

She must know how to get congenial people together.

She must know how to keep discussions of religion and politics off of the carpet. She must know how to compliment a

guest's gown. She must never monopolize the converation.

She must know how to let people be nistaken.

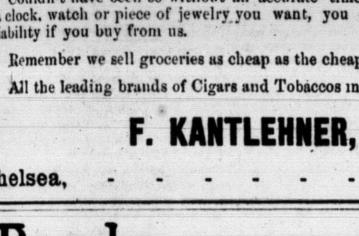
She must be generous enough to let other people have different opinions from hers.

She must never let anyone be slighted or overlooked.

She must know when to ask the amateur musician or elocutionist to display their talents.

She must never dress as handsomely as her guests.

She must be perfectly unselfish about her own pleasures.



# Chelsea. Trade

Butterick Patterns for July now on Sale. **Ready on Time** 

Couldn't have been so without an accurate timepiece. Whether it is a clock, watch or piece of jewelry you want, you can be sure of its reliability if you buy from us.

Remember we sell groceries as cheap as the cheapest.

All the leading brands of Cigars and Tobaccos in stock.



She must never know fatigue, but be able to stand and smile "So glad to see you. So good of you to come" by the hour.

She must listen courteously to the longwinded talker.

She must not neglect her guests, nor yet give them too much of her society.

She must remember that nothing is so tiresome, so surely death to all enjoyment, as the feeling that one is being entertained.

In a word, the ideal hostess must possess patience, long-suffering, endurance and charity.

If she has all these she may be rewarded by being permitted to wag her tongue at somebody else's tea, when some other woman is the martyr to social conventions.-Dorothy Dix.

Notice.

Until July 1st I will be in Saline Tuesday and Wednesday of each week. Monday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday I may be found in my office over the Bank <sup>8</sup> Drug Store, where I will be pleased to vote of 29 to 26, and everything became meet any and all who may be in need of dental work, which will be done in a careful and thorough manner. All work guaranteed satisfactory. I have come to Chelsea with the intention of making it my permanent residence.

G. E. NATHAWAY, D.D.S.

Lowest Prices

On baled hay, flour and feed at FREEMAN'S.

# Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption.

This is the best medicine in the world for all forms of Coughs and Colds and satisfactory to President McKinley. for consumption. Every bottle is guaran-Presidents, like other men, do not reward teed. It will care and not disappoint their agents whose work is not satisfac- It has no equal for Whooping Cough, tory, and the responsible position of Asthma, Hay Fever, Pneumonia, Bron-Comptroller of the Treasury has been chitis, La Grippe, Cold in the Head and for Consumption. It is safe for all ages, Another move was made in the fight pleasant to take, and, above all, a sure between the United States government cure. It is always well to take Dr.



true American not the blood eap in his veins stirring scenes of re brought to mind, though peace now reigns here o'er a hundred years ago The Briton came in fierce array. And strove this land

of ours to hold Neath England's hard, relentless sway

But surely 'twas not thus to be: A higher Power ruled over all: And out of war's grim, wrinkled front We merged, despite its gloomy pall, As gallant freemen fought for right, And Wisdom's all far-seeing eye Beheld a future for our land For which the patriot dared to die.

Their precious blood was freely given, Upon their country's altar shed; And now we glory in the deeds Of our departed, honored dead. To Washington, the great and true, And all his brave, victorious host, We homage pay with glad acclaim. And in their memory make our boast.

Thus on this day of all the year Columbia's brightest stars may shine To tell of Independence won While low we bow at Freedom's shrine And as the rolling years go by, And added glory crowns our land.

Still brighter may their memory grow Who first led Freedom's holy band. -R. E. De Reef, in N. Y. Ledger.



"Let me hear about that first trip, for I've a notion that there is a good story attached to it."

My seatmate was "Prof." Raymond. the aeronaut. He had made a Fourth of July ascension that afternoon from

or 'tubs,' as they were called, manned by red-shirted young fellows from several neighboring towns. There were river, and then the great balloon ascen-

"It was about two o'clock in the afternoon that the crowd began to gather around the big balloon that was slowly being filled with hot air. Such balloons stay up only a half-hour or so, and land not far away from the point where they go up, unless the wind is blowing hard. This was one of the largest of the hot-air balloons then in use, and it ground, so that the distance up to the car took some time to fill it from the mouth | was much less than it might have been. of an oven-like affair that set above a I found no very great difficulty in gradtrench, in which a big fire was snapping and roaring, fed by pitch wood and oil soaked barrel staves.

"The drag-rope was lying coiled up on the ground, and the balloon was held meanwhile that he had a boy 'hanging down by stout ropes cawied out on all sides.

got more and more excited, and when scenery below. they began to get the basket ready to fasten under the balloon, we had calmly tossing out circulars and smokcrowded up pretty close to the great ing his pipe, while I climbed up toward swaying air ship.

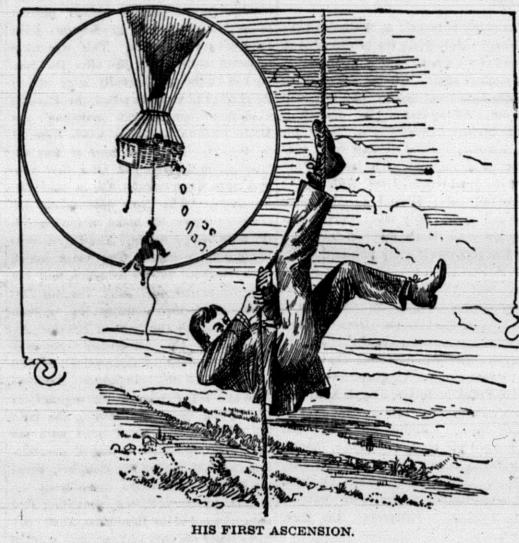
"'Now, boys, keep back,' said the aeronaut, as he came into the circle to that I hadn't shouted to him at the make everything ready; 'keep back, or some of you will get hurt, with this basket thrashing about here;' for by this time the basket had been fustened on and the balloon was filled out nearly full.

handful, as he rose through the air, the and when I caught sight of his face, having taken this then original method times, trying in a dazed sort of way to of distributing their eirculars and dodgers.

"Everything was now ready. The hot air had been shut off, the mouth of the balloon had been closed, and the balloonist had arranged his circulars ready to throw out, a dozen or so at a time, as he went up.

"'Let go the ropes!' he shouted. "And the great sphere shot up into down, noose end first, through the wickthe air, with white paper fluttering er-work bottom of the basket. out from it on all sides.

from behind, as the crowd surged for- | car.'



"I now found that I could twist one leg around the rope, and by resting one foot on the rope where it crossed the foot races, sack races, and a ball game other foot, I could very nearly remove upon the common; a boat race upon the | the weight from my hands, which was a great relief. I knew then that I had a chance to get out of the fix I was in, for I could now alternately rest my hands and my feet.

"Reassured by this, I looked up at the balloon above me, and conceived the idea of climbing up to it, for, like most country boys, I was expert at climbing.

"The rope had caught me before half of it had been taken up from the ually climbing up to a position under the car, stopping very often to rest.

"It has always seemed strange to me that the man above didn't discover on behind,' but it can perhaps be explained by the fact that he was an old "As the huge affair got larger and hand at the business, and, as sailing larger and began to tug vigorously on through the air was no novelty to him, the ropes, we boys who were looking on he didn't spend any time looking at the

> "He sat there in the middle of the car, him so cautiously that I presume I didn't ferk the rope a bit. I wonder very first, but it didn't enter my head for me to do anything but hang on and climb.

"When I had slowly climbed up well under the car, without thinking what the effect would be I shouted 'Halloa!' "The balloonist threw into the basket and the next instant was almost jerked several bundles of circulars which he off the rope, for the balloonist gave a was going to throw out, handful by jump that very nearly upset the car, proprietors of various stores in the town after he had turned around two or three find out where the voice came from it was as white as a sheet. He looked cautiously over the edge of the basket.

"'How in the name of-,' he began, but suddenly cut it short. 'Hold on a minute longer!' he shouted.

"And in a twinkling he had made a noose in the end of a piece of rope that was lying in the car, and had passed it

"'Put one foot into the loop,' he "I could never tell exactly how it called out, 'and I will tie the other end happened," continued my seatmate, of the rope here, to support your "but I suppose it was a mixture of boy- weight. That will take the strain off ish curiosity and a sudden pressure your hands till I can get you into the

# CLOSE OF THE JUBILEE.

Imposing Pageant of Battle Ships Reviewed by Prince of Wales.

Portsmouth, June 28.-The prince of Wales, representing her majesty, on Saturday proudly reviewed a fine fleet of foreign war ships, representing all the maritine nations of the world, proudest, strongest and swiftest of these eraft being the United States armored cruiser Brooklyn, flying the flag of Rear Admiral Miller, and the heir apparent also inspected about 30 miles of British war ships, in which were 166 fighting ships of different classes, carrying about 900 heavy guns. Each maritime nation sent an elmiral in his flagship to witness the review. They formed a line abreast of the British battle ships, where they were favorably placed to compare their own naval architecture with that of other nations. Each nation sent its best available ship, and a magnificent display resulted.

The fleet was drawn up in four lines on the south of the Solent, the head of the lines being off Brading, thence stretching westward almost to Cowes. The outer line of all on either side of the Sturbridge shoal, and known as "E" line, was composed of 14 special merchant vessels, whereof the American liner New York was one. Next in "A" line were the foreign men-of-war. These were:

United States of America-First-class armored "cruiser Brooklyn; Rear Admiral Miller.

France First-class cruiser Pothnau; Rear Admiral de Courtbille. Austria-Ironclad Wien; Vice Admirsd

Baron Spann Italy-Battleship Sardegna; Vice Admiral Morin.

Russia-Battleship Rossiya

Germany-First-class battleship Konig Wilhelm, Admiral H. I. H. Prince Henry of Prussia.

Portugal-Battleship Vascode Gama Siam-Crutser Maha Cla

"B," "C," "D," "F" and "G" lines consisted entirely of British men-of-war from the Majestic and Renown, the latest type of battleships, down to the smallest torpedo-boat, in all 18 craft.

"B" and "C" lines were made up exclusively of battleships and cruisers of the first and second class; "D" of thirdclass cruisers, gun vessels and torpedo gunboats; "F" of destroyers, gunboats and sailing training brigs, while "G" line was of torpedo boats.

All the lines except "G" were approximately five miles in length.

The vessels comprising it were the following:

Battleships (21) .- Majestic, Magnificent, Prince George, Mars, Jupiter, Victorious, Repulse, Resolution, Royal Sovereign, Empress of India, Renown, Collingwood, Ben-bow, Alexandra, Colossus, Edinburgh, Howe, Inflexible, Devastation, Thunderer,

# BOIES ON SILVER.

Iowa's Ex-Governor Says the Sixteen to One Policy Is Dead-His Plan. Waterloo, In., June 28 .- "For one, I do not believe it possible to succeed upon a platform that demands the up. qualified free coinage of silver at the ratio of sixteen to one with gold. We have fought that battle and it is lost, We can never fight it over under circumstances more favorable to our selves. If we hope to succeed we must abandon this extreme demand." In these words Horace Boies, former gorernor of Iowa and erstwhile democratic presidential aspirant, addresses the votens of the United States, who demand the free coinage of silver. He does it through the medium of his letter to Col. D. M. Fox, of Des Moines.

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Although Mr. Boies has in private frequently expressed hostility to the sixteen to one plank of the Chicago platform, this is the first authoritative declaration from him to that effect. In publicly declaring it to be a dead issue he gives at length his reasons for asserting it to be such. He says the voters buried it under the belief that it meant silver monometallism, pure and simple, which would increase instead of diminish the misfortunes attributed to the single gold standard.

The panacea ex-Gov. Boies offers for the financial ills of the country he has yet given only in outline, but he promises to enlarge upon it in the near future. He suggests that the government issue treasury notes in exchange for both gold and silver bullion at its commercial value, such value to be determined by the market price of the metal in the great markets of the world on the day of its receipt, the notes to be redeemable in either metal, at the option of the government, at the commercial value on the day of redemption. By this plan, he says, the bullion of the United States would be kept at home instead of seeking the higher price in foreign centers of trade, because the expense of transportation would be saved to the producers.

# SHERMAN ARRAIGNS TRUSTS.

# Question of Monopolies the Most Important of the Day.

New York, June 28 .- John Sherman, secretary of state, came over from Washington Sunday night and stopped at the Fifth Avenue hotel. Secretary Sherman spoke on topics of national and international interest. He declared his belief that the United States will have no controversy with Japan over the annexation of Hawaii, and that the trust question is the most important subject for settlement in this country.

W---, and I had gone up with him in my capacity as reporter on the W-Daily Tribune.

We had landed uneventfully in a turnip field, about 30 miles away, and had packed up the balloon and its "fixings" just in season to catch the evening train for the city.

"Well," said Mr. Raymond, "there was a story attached to that first balloon ride of mine, thirty-odd years ago; but I don't tell it very often, for the reason that, even after all these years, it brings back some of the sensations that I experienced at that time-experiences that you will soon see were not particularly agreeable while I was undergoing them.

"My father and mother both died before I was 12 years old, so that I was thrown entirely upon my own resources. Even at that early age I began to 'hire out' for various kinds of service in my native town in New Hampshire, where I worked in this way until I was 15 years of age.

"I had been working in a sawmill the year that I was 15, and my time expired the third day of July, and, though I expected to hire out again at the same place, it pleased my fancy to take a well-earned holiday on the Fourth, when I could feel myself entirely my own master. It would be time enough, I thought, to hire out again when the holiday was over.

"There was to be a celebration in a neighboring town, with a balloon ascension, races and all the other attractions that are usual on such occasions, with a 'grand display of fireworks in the evening.'

"The balloon ascension had special attractions for me, as I had never seen anything of the kind, and I was up early on the morning of the Fourth, and, setting out for town before six o'clock, resolved to take in the whole affair, from the early parade of Antiques and Horribles to the last rocket that should be fired in the evening. ] had earned a holiday by hard work, and had good right to feel light-hearted.

"I don't think that anything in the way of entertainment escaped me that day. I was unused to the sights and sounds of Fourth of July celebrations, and I drank in everything with the keen enjoyment of boyhood, with an especially keen enjoyment, probably, because of the plodding, uneventful life I had been leading so long.

"The Antiques and Horribles were properly appreciated. The efforts of those who tried to reach the five-dollar gold piece, said to be reposing on the top of a very greasy pole, were greatly enjoyed, as were also the efforts of certain men and boys to possess themselves of a fat young porker, whose entire surface was in the same slippery condition as the pole with the five dollars atop.

"There was a contest of fire engines, | for me to cling to it,

ward; but I know that I suddenly stum- | bled forward and fell upon the coil of drag rope that was being rapidly taken In falling, my foot in some way beup. came entangled in a rope, so that a loop in it caught me by one ankle, and quick the rate of a mile a minute, hanging that frail affair. head downward, while a great cry of horror was sent after me by the peo-

ple below. "You may be sure that no more surprised boy ever left terra-firma than I was, when I saw the earth suddenly

dropping away from me, as it seemed. "Fortunately, I did not 'lose my head,' though the position was certainly favorable for such a result. Instinctively I grasped the rope that was hanging down beside me and hung on for dear life.

"The aeronaut above me apparently knew nothing of what was going on below his car, for the dry-goods and house-furnishing circulars continued to flutter down past me in undiminished quantities.

"He had doubtless heard a great cry from the crowd, but interpreted it probably as occasioned by the sight of a would be to-day.

"After a minute I was able to get my foot out of the loop in which it had caught, and so to let myself down into an upright position. The balloon was rising steadily, and there was no more jerking and apparent motion to the rope than there would have been had it been suspended from a high beam in

"It was a great relief to have the strain of my weight taken off my hands and feet. With one foot in the loop I could hang on very comfortably. But then a serious question arose. How was I to get into the basket? An attempt as a flash I was going up into the air at to climb up over the side might upset

"'Wait a minute,' called out the aero naut. 'I'll cut out two of the ribs of the basket, right here in the bottom, and then, by springing the next one on each side back a little, I guess you can crawl up through," and this was done a moment later.

"I can tell you I was glad when I found myself sitting in the bottom of ing "God Save the Queen." the basket resting.

"'How long has it been since we left the ground?' I asked.

"'Just five minutes,' he said. "A good deal can happen in five minutes.

"That," continued my companion. was the way I came to be an aeronaut." "The affair created a great sensation,

and I was talked about far and wide. The owner of the hot-air balloon was shrewd enough to see that there was money to be made out of so much free balloon ascension, which was then advertising, and he made me a handmore of a novelty in that region than it some offer to make the ascensions with him, and I promptly accepted the offer. I was greatly interested in my new work, and gradually begun to add some 'attractions,' such as performing on the trapeze bar as the astension was made and then parachute leaps from the balloon, high in air. But I never attempted any such 'attraction' as was exhibited when 1 went up hanging by one foot to a barn, and this alone made it possible the drag-rope."-Webb Dennell, in Golden Days.

Cruisers, First-Class (11) .- Blake, Blenheim, Australia, Galatea, Powerful, Terrible, Royal Arthur, Endymion, Edgar, Warspite, Aurora.

Cruisers Second-Class (27) .- Hermione, Charybdis, Mersey, Melampus, Aeolus, Spartan, Minerva, Flora, Bonaventure, Naiad, Latona, Venus, Diana, Dido, Isis, Phaeton, Leander, Apollo, Andromache, Thetis, Tribune, Terpsichore, Brilliant, Sappho, Juno, Deris, Sirius. Cruisers, Third-Class (5) .- Pelorus, Me-

dea, Medusa, Magicienne, Barracsuta. Gun Vessels (2) .- Curley, Landrail.

Gun Boats (3.)-Raven, Cockchafer, Starling

Torpedo Gunboats (2) .- Halcyon, Speedy, Jaseur, Spanker, Niger, Leda, Sheldrake, Renard, Onyx, Circe, Gossamer, Jason, Sharpshooter, Spider, Alarm, Antelope, Hazard, Skipjack, Gleaner, Rattlesnake. The British fleet assembled June 22 and was drawn up in four lines, ex-. tending from abreast of Portsmouth harbor to a distance of about five miles to the westward. Following the precedent of former naval reviews there was free access to the review ground up to the hour named for the official inspection, when all vessels with visitors anchored in their assigned positions and the tour of the fleet was commenced by the prince of Wales. The naval guests included Rear Admiral H. R. H. Prince Henry of Prussia, K. G. Vice Admiral H. R. H. the duke of Genoa, Rear Admiral Miller United States navy, and other distinguished flag officers.

As the Albert and Victoria was seen approaching, the fleet, led by the Renown and echoed by the foreign vesship," standing on the ironclads in filling their tops, while on vessels of the older type the yards were quickly dotted. It was very theatrical and interesting. The Victoria and Albert, followed by the other yachts, then steamed through the lines, the sailors heartily cheering and the bands play-

The illumination at night of the vessels of the fleets was gorgeous. The various hulls were outlined by electric been handled by medical students. Belights, while from the mastheads to stem and stern varicolored lamps reflected in the peaceful sea a rainbow of colors. A royal salute of 60 guns was fired from every ship capable of firing it. Great guns and small guns answered each other in one prolonged roar, rising and falling in intensity as more or less of them fired together. The foreign warships moored opposite the British lines joined the cannonade, and to the superstitious there was from the deep-throated guns of the United States, Russia, France and Germany a note of defiance, a resonant, resolute answer, gun for gun. Yet, all was in honor of Victoria.

Practically the naval display concludes the Victorian jubilee. There will be banquets, balls and garden parties for distinguished visitors this week, but the pomp and magnificence of the selebration are now things of the past.

He declared that he was firmly opposed to combinations of capital which interfere with competition. He said:

"The question of trusts is altogether the most important question of the day. The combination of persons engaged in common interests seems on its face to be fair enough. But it breaks down competition and forces out the small interests. The trust law is not strong enough. I drew it, and the committee on judiciary of the senate made changes in it which weakened it. am in favor of making unlawful all combinations in restraint of trade in the most direct manner. The law now puts in the hands of a few men the control of im-portant industries. They say the effect is to lower prices. I do not believe it. Such a combination as the Western Union is a case in point. It is a strong combination, with a great deal of capital, and it controls an enormous business. It is sotin other business enterprises. The result, they say, is to lower prices. Even so, it is injurious. It prevents competition, and the people have a right to the competition of these industries. The supreme court has sustained the law as it stands and has pointed out defects. I think they will be remedied."

# MURDER MYSTERY.

# Body of a Man Found in Two Parts in New York City.

New York, June 28 .- The lower part of the trunk of a man was found by two boys in the woods at One Hundred and Seventy-sixth street and Undercliffe avenue, this city, Sunday. It was terribly mutilated, and shows plainly that a murder has been committed. It was wrapped in oilcloth and manila paper, exactly as was the upper part of a trunk scls present, fired a deafening royal found in the East river off Eleventh salute of 21 guns. Simultaneously the street on Saturday. The two are parts bluefackets and marines "manned of the same body. The two pieces were found more than eight miles apart, one solid lines round their outer edges and in the water and the other on land. The part found Sunday comprised the lower part of the trunk from the fifth rib to the hips, the legs having been severed from the body at the hip joints.

It was wrapped in three folds of oilcloth. The oilcloth was evidently cut from the same piece as that which inclosed the upper part of the trunk. The body had not been dissected, which does away with the belief that the body had sides, it had been terribly hacked where separated from the upper portion. It was sent to the morgue, where it exactly fitted the part found on Saturday.

# EX-TREASURER SENTENCED.

To Serve 20 Years in Penitentiary and Pay \$300,000 Fine.

Omaha, Neb., June 28.-Ex-State Treasurer Bartley, convicted of embezzlement, was sentenced Saturday morning to 20 years in the penitentiary and to pay a fine of \$300,000.

Lincoln, Neb., June 28 .- The supreme court at a special adjourned session Saturday night granted a suspension of sentence in the case of ex-State Treasurer Bartley, sentenced to 20 years in the penitentiary. On furnishing bond of \$125,000 he is to be released pending a review of his appeal to the supreme court.



# SEVEN LIVES LOST.

Appalling Railway Disaster Near Missouri City, Mo.

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main Plunkes Through a Trestle-Besides the Dead, Nineteen Passengers Receive Severe Injuries-Details of the Mishap.

Kansas City, Mo., June 28 .- Westbound passenger train No. 6 on the Wabash railway, which left Kansas City at 6:20 o'clock Saturday night, crashed through a bridge over Wayles creek, 14 miles west of Missouri City, at seven o'clock.

A correct list of the dead is as follows: W. S. Mills, postal clerk, St. Louis; O. M. Smith, postal clerk St. Louis; Gustave A. Smith, postal clerk, St. Louis; Charles Winters, postal clerk, St. Louis; F. W. Brink, postal clerk, St. Louis; Edward Grindroo, baggagemaster, St. Louis; Charles P. Greasley, brakeman, St. Louis.

The conductor of the train, G. C. Copeland, of St. Louis, who was reportel among the dead, is still alive. He was removed Saturday morning to the milroad hospital at Moberly. With a fractured skull and several broken ribs he lingers between life and death, but the surgeons express a hope that he will recover. Conductor Copeland was supposed to be dead when taken from the wreck and his body, with a handkerchief down over the face, was ranged in a row with the seven corpses. A few minutes later some one observed a sign of life and he was quickly transferred to a stretcher and given every possible attention.

All indications are that death came to at least four of the five unfortunate mail clerks almost instantaneously. Their car pitched end first through the break in the trestle, and they must have been drowned in the raging stream while in an unconscious condition. The remains of the four were carried from the wreck and were recovered some distance down the stream. There were

signs of life in the body of the fifth mail clerk when rescuers dragged him from the wreck, but he died a few minutes later on the bank of the creek.

Of the 19 others injured not one is in a critical condition. Among all there is not one broken limb, though many of them were thrown three-quarters of the length of the coaches in which they were riding. Mrs. W. H. Wilkinson, of Kansas City, is the most seriously hurt. Two small bones of her left hand are broken and she suffered a severe lacera-

# MICHIGAN STATE NEWS. Kidney Trouble and Its Effects.

# Possibility of a Fair.

The State Fair society has settled with the receivers of the three Lansing banks that held its notes for \$18,000 by giving them \$500 and a quit claim deed to its equity in the state fair grounds in Lansing, which the receivers hope to sell to the Central Michigan Agricultural society for \$2,200 more. Relieved of its Lansing indebtedness the state society will now proceed to hold a fair at some other point-presumably in Grand Rapids.

### Many Shortages Found.

J. H. Dresser, an expert accountant from Detroit, who has been examining the Montmorency county treasurer's records in Lewiston, reported to the board of supervisors that during the terms of four ex-county treasurers, beginning in 1887, shortages amounted to \$13,842. The report was accepted by the board, which will probably instruct the prosecuting attorney to begin proceedings against the ex-treasurers.

### A Mystery Solved.

The mystery surrounding the recent disappearance of Jacob Foster, of Three Oaks, has been solved by the finding of his body, buried under the house where Esther Castle and C. L. Castle lived at Greensburg, Mo. Foster was, it is believed, beaten to death and his body buried in the cellar by the Castles, who apparently had no motive for the crime. They formerly lived at Three Oaks.

## Electric Model Discovered.

R. A. Wilson, superintendent of the Marquette electric plant, has discovered a complete model of an electric lighting plant, made by an eccentric inventor named John Ingalls in 1887, by which a light similar to the incandescent bulb is said to be obtained without the use of a filament, the light being caused by forcing waves of electric energy of high frequency through a vacuum.

### Wants a Divorce.

A bill for divorce was filed at Grand Rapids on behalf of Eliza P. Raymond against Leander A. Raymond. The plaintiff is but 15 years old and was married a year ago to the defendant, who is a rag peddlar, aged 50, living near Cedar Springs. The child's father, who was recently murdered by his son, gave his consent to the marriage. Inhuman treatment is the charge.

## One Month Late.

The season of 1897 in northern Michigan, so far as vegetation of all kinds is tion of the thigh as well as bruises about concerned, is nearly a month later than that of 1896, which was unusually early. All through May the rainfall was excessive, with cold, raw winds prevailing. The first week of June brought a frost nearly every night. Grass and wheat suffered somewhat, but it stood the adverse conditions fairly well.

# To live is to have justice, truth, reason, devotion, probity, sincerity, common sense, right and duty welded into the heart. To live is to know what one is worth—what one can do, and should do. Life is conscience.— Victor Hugo.

Mrs. Isaacstein (engaging servant) — "I I hope you haven't a young man?" Bridget —"Oh, no, mum; he's nearly 50!"—Tit-Bits.

The architect of his own fortunes seldom tires of building extensions.-N. Y. Weekly.

The less energy a man has, the easier he drifts into matrimony.—Atchison Globe.

that everybody eventually gives it up.-N. Y. Weekly.

When a woman will, she will; and yet when she says she will she may not.-N.Y. Weekly.

Every once in awhile the statement is made that parents are better to their girls than to their boys.—Atchison Globe.

When folks can't think of anything else to do they go and see a doctor.—Washington Democrat.

# SILENT SUFFERERS.

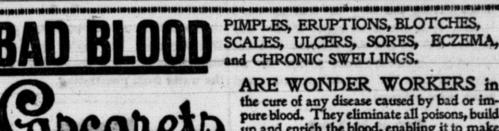
# Women do not Like to Tell a Doctor the Details of Their Private Ills.

The reason why so many women suffer in silence from the multiple disorders connected with their sexual system is that they cannot bear to broach the subject to a man, even if he is a physician.

No one can blame a modest, sensitive woman for this reticence. It is unnecessary in these times, however, for a woman makes to all afflicted women a most generous offer. Mrs. Pinkham of Lynn, Mass., bids every woman who suffers to write to her and confide every symptom that annoys her, and she will give her advice without charge, and that advice is based upon the greatest experience ever possessed by man or woman in this country, and extends over a period of twenty-three years, and thousands upon thousands of cases. Why suffer in silence any longer,

my sister, when you can get help for the asking? Don't fear to tell hereverything. The case of Mrs. Colony, whose letter to Mrs. Pinkham we publish, is an illustration of the good to be received from Mrs. Pinkham's advice; here is a woman who was sick for years and could get no relief-at last in despair she wrote to Mrs. Pinkham-received in return a prompt, sympathetic and interested reply. Note the result and go and do likewise.

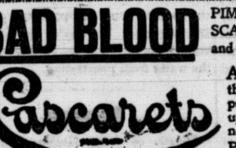
"I was troubled with such an aching in my back and hips, and I felt so tired all the time, and had for four years. For the last year it was all I could do to drag around. I would have such a ringing in my head by spells that it seemed as though I would grow crazy. I ached from my shoulders to my feet and was very nervous. I was also troubled with a white discharge. I wrote to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., received a prompt reply and followed her advice, and now I have no backache and begin to feel as one ought; in fact, I never felt better in ten years than I do now. I thank God that I went doctoring with Mrs. Pinkham when I did, for if I had not I know I would have been in my grave." --- MRS. NELLIE E. COLONY, Nahma, Mich.



ARE WONDER WORKERS in the cure of any disease caused by bad or impure blood. They eliminate all poisons, build up and enrich the blood, enabling it to make new, healthy tissue.

PURE BLOOD MEANS PERFECT

they will give you GOOD HEALTH and a PURE, CLEAN SKIN, free from pimples and blotches.



tually cured. Now my nervousness has left me, the flow of water is normal, and the pores of my skin perform their duty as well as when I was a boy, and I perspire as freely as anyone. "I have recommended Dr. Williams' Pink

The Word of an Old Gentleman of

Mattoon. Ill.

From the Commercial, Mattoon, Ill.

From the Commercial, Mattoon, Ill. Mr. William J. Winningham is a well-known and venerable gardener of Mattoon, Illinois. Seventy-five years ago Mr. Win-ningham was born in Ashboro, North Caro-lina, where he resided until 1836, when he removed to his present residence. When only thirty-one years of age the old gardener says he began to be afflicted with nervousness and cramps, which in later years developed into urinary, or perhaps kidney trouble of so violent a character that it was no uncommon thing for him to void a

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many years of suffering, he made the follow-

ing statement: "I suffered for all those long years with intense pain in the back, nervousness and from the passing of large quantities of water. This was undoubtedly a form of diabetes, and

to described by my physicians, of whom I had many. Strychnine and nitre and many

many. Strychnine and nitre and many other remedies were tried, as well as change of climate, but nothing did me any good. I was so horribly nervous that I could not lift a drinking vessel to my mouth if there was not a handle attached to it. A great part of the time I was confined to bed. The com-

mencement of the disease was in 1846, when I had a bad attack of "Southern fever" in

"About three years ago I read an adver-tisement of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and thought I would try them, as they might do me good. I soon began to get relief, and by the time I had taken eight boxes I was vir-tuelly wound Now my newyone as has left

North Carolina.

"I have recommended Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People to a number of people, and have heard from many of them that they have been greatly benefited. I shall contin-ue to speak in their praise, for I recog-nize that their effect upon me was little short of miraculous. (Signed) "WM. J. WINNINGHAM." Witness: WILLIAM TABOR. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a con-densed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, irregularities and all forms of weakness. They build up the blood, and of weakness. They build up the blood, and restore the glow of health to pale and sallow cheeks. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork or excesses of whatever nature. Pink Pills are sold in boxes (never in loose bulk) at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50, and may be had of all druggists, or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

# She Missed Him.

A poor woman who kept a shop in a north-ern village, and who was troubled with a husband who could scarcely be considered a credit to the family, one day found herself a widow through the sudden demise of her spouse. A lady, who frequently made small purchases at the shop, called to see her and to offer her sympathy, though knowing that the man's death must in a certain sense

the face and neck. The wounds of most of the others are trivial.

As the train struck the trestle it swung out of line, being weakened by the tremendous volume of water that was flowing beneath it. The engine passed over safely, but the structure went down beneath the mail car and the tender was broken loose from the engine and fell off the track on its side. The mail car went down into the water, the express car followed, each falling on its side; the chair car tipped down into the chasm, and as the rear, end raised up the front end of the sleeper went up and it stood on end, the lower end grinding and crushing the mail and baggage cars beneath it.

over the chasm, but it was held in place by the coupling of the two Excelsior Springs cars behind it. The accident happened during one of the heaviest rainstorms ever seen in that country. It was accompanied by a tremendous roll of thunder and the most vivid light-

# Parts

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dy had ts. Behacked er porwhere on Sat-ED. ntiary -State embezmornry and

preme ession sion of Treasars in bond nding preme

The front end of the sleeper was out at 8 places. ning. The elements and the horrible nature of the accident combined to makeitone of the most terrifying sights imaginable. Before anyone could realize what had happened the cries of the

injured filled the air. As soon as Engineer Carlisle realized what had happened he started as fast as his crippled engine could travel for Missouri City and reported the wreck. A wreck crew left Moberly shortly after. Twenty minutes after the wreck was reported a special train carrying the officials of the line and a score of doctors left Moberly and made one of the quickest trips ever made over the line to the scene of the wreck.

The work of rescuing the passengers who were injured began with great promptness, but was accomplished with the greatest difficulty. Not a trainman was to be found. The crew were all in the wreck, and only the conductor of the Pullman and his porter were there to help the passengers. They took charge promptly and rendered valuable assistance. The occupants of the smoker who were in the rear end managed to scramble out of the car and escape.

# ANOTHER BATTLE.

Christians Attacked by Mussulmans in Crete.

Canea, June 28 .- An armed force of ,200 Mussulmans made a sortie from-Canea Saturday night, crossed the military cordon and surprised the insurgents at Kanlikastelli, three hours distance. A desperate combat ensued in which 13 Mussulmans were killed and 12 wounded. The Christian in-habitants of the district are preparing to make reprisals by land and sea. Later advices show that many Christians were killed, as well as many Turks, in engagements that preceded the principal fighting at Kanlikastelli. The trouble arose from the encroachments of the Mussulman refugees who attempted to pasture their cattle with-In the limits of the neutral zone.

# Health in Michigan.

Reports to the state board of health from 62 observers in various portions of the state for the week ended June 19 indicated that pneumonia increased and tonsilitis and influenza decreased in area of prevalence. Consumption was reported at 183 places, measles at 69, scarlet fever at 24, diphtheria at 27, typhoid fever at 17 and whooping cough

# Potato Patch Plan Spreading.

Gov. Pingree's fame as the originator of the potato patch scheme for the poor has crossed the ocean, and his plan is being adopted in several European countries. Letters have been received at the executive office from Buda-Pesth, Hungary, and from Nottingham, England, requesting information regarding the plan.

# Brief Items of News.

Mrs. Hannah Torrens, of Jackson, celebrated her one hundredth birthday anniversary at the home of relatives in Toledo, O.

The second annual reunion of the Upper Peninsula. Veterans' association was held at Escanaba.

Charles W. Cond, ex-president of the Farmers' national bank and Constan-

Loss, \$3,000. In some parts of the state potato bugs are thicker this year than ever before known.

Fred Layle, Jr., of St. Clair, was killed in a railroad accident at Lawrence Junction, Pa.

The Consolidated Rail Joint company, of Chicago, has purchased the Muskegon Iron & Steel company's rolling plant, idle two years, and will start it up with 125 men.

Thomas R. McSween celebrated his twenty-first anniversary as agent for the Grand Rapids & Indiana railroad at Reed City. J. C. Tobias has represented the Flint & Pere Marquette railroad at Reed City 24 years.

Abram Kylmanen and Henry Aja, miners who came to this country two months ago, were instantly killed by a fall of earth in a mine at Ishpeming. The Lamb Wire Fence company has been organized at Tecumseh with a

capital of \$50,000. Jackson county will set about to build a new courthouse, to be ready by

September 6. The resignation of Victor H. Lane, judge of the First judicial district, has been received at the governor's office, to take effect October 1.

come as a relief, as the wife had often suffered from his violence. She was not, how-ever, quite prepared for the stoical way in which the wife took her bereavement.

Said the lady: "I am sure, Mrs. G-, you must miss your husband."

"Well, mum, it do seem queer to go into the shop and find something in the till!"-Tit-Bits.

Between Seed Time and Harvest Is a good opportunity to enquire about farming lands in South Dakota, only one day's ride from Chicago. Bountiful crops of Wheat, Corn, Barley and Flax reward the tiller of the soil." As a stock and dairy coun-try South Dakota leads all the world. Firstclass farm lands with nearby markets can now be bought for from \$10, \$12, \$15, and upwards, per acre, and this is the time to invest. For further particulars write to Geo. H. Heafford, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, Old Colony Building, Chicago, Ill.

The Same Old Wail .- Said Eve-"What a chooser of fig-leaves you are! "Tis the worst one that ever I carried." Said Adam -"Your dresses are better by far than any you had when we married."-Harlem Life.

# Fourth of July Rates.

On July 3, 4 and 5 the North-Western Line will sell excursion tickets at low rates to points on the North-Western System within 200 miles of selling station, good re-turning until July 6th, inclusive. Apply to sgents Chicago & North-Western Railway.



Factory CHEESE-State, Large..... EGGS-Western..... CHICAGO.

 BUTTER-Creamery
 12
 0

 Dairy
 9
 0

 POTATOES-New (per brl.).
 1
 12
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 BROOM CORN-Hurl (ton).
 35
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 PORK-Mess, July
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 90
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 FLOUR-Patents
 420
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 47

 Straights
 875
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 46

 GRAIN-Wheat, July
 72%
 72
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 Corn, No. 2, July
 25
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 2

 Oats, July
 17%
 17%
 1

 Rye, No. 2
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 3
 3400
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 Barley, Good to Fancy
 27%
 3400
 3

 MILWAUKEE
 GRAIN-Wheat, No. 2 Spring \$ 73
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 7

 Corn, No. 3
 24%
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 3400
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 Barley, No. 2
 34
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 3
 35
 7

 PORK - Mess
 750
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 7
 390
 3

 Texas
 2 45
 4 40

 Stockers and Feeders.....
 2 25
 0 4 25

 HOGS
 3 20
 0 3 373

 SHEEP
 2 75
 0 3 30



# The Summer Vacation.

In the July Ladies' Home Journal Edward W. Bok gives some sensible advice upon "Going Away in Summer." He points to the mistake that instead of a rest and change so many women and girls, physically tired and in need of recuperation, make of their vacations a round of continuous gayety, every moment crowded with some excitement or pleasure. In consequence, the woman who goes away for a rest comes back tired and worn out. Mr. Bok very truly says: "We all speak of "going away' when we start on a vacation. But most of us do not 'go away.' 'Going away' means cutting ourselves entirely free from every thing that has entered into our lives during the year-away from things which have occupied as, away from disturbing troubles, away from depressing surroundings, away from one's daily self to seek for one's best self, away from familiar

places and people. Such a change means a change in ourselves, in our thoughts, in our ideas, in our motives, in our outlook on everything. The idea that we must ever keep ourselves busy, even in vacation, so that the mind may not become rusted, is all nonsense."

For those who cannot go away Mr. Bok advises a change in their mode of living, or in their daily work. "We need a change in our lives," he contends, "even as we do in winter, or even a rearrange ment of the furniture, of the curtains, carpets or pictures in our room-any change into it. A vest at home, with the One's limitations are often of immeasurhave had them for a twelvemonth, and the water from penetrating. make them different."

# How to be Erect.

1. Make it a rule to keep the back of the neck close to the back of the collar.

2. Roll the shoulders backward and downward.

A span is 9 inches. A hand is 4 inches The reyal 32 mo. 5 by 3. The nail is 314 inches long. A size in collars is one inch. A nautical knot is 6,100 feet. A size in cuffs half an inch. One hundred quarts make a cask. A quarter of cloth is half an inch. A royal quarto page is 1216 by 10. A square 16 mo. page is 416 by 816. The royal 24 mo. page is 516 by 816. A royal octavo volume is 101% by 63%. The 48 me. page volume is 8% by 2% The ordinary pin is about 1 inch long. A newspaper column is 2% inches wide.

# Notice.

The Assessment Roll of the Village of Chelsea for the year 1897 has been received, and taxes can now be paid at my office at R. Kempf & Bros' Bank.

> GEO. A. BEGOLE. Treasurer.

# The Plucking of Fowls.

The Australian method of plucking fowls possesses the advantages of being rapid and easy. As soon as the birds are dead, plunge each in turn into a pail of boiling water, into which one and a half counted out fifteen cents and purchased if it is only a change of rooms; of merely pints of cold water has been thrown (the one of each variety. The five' he kept as not sleeping in the same rooms in summer object is just to scald them), taking care a curiosity, the 'ten' he presented to Gov. that the water reaches every part of the Briggs as an appropriate gift." feathers. One minute's sousing is generally sufficient; if kept in too long the change. No woman is so humble of clr. skin is apt to discolor, and if not long cumstances that she cannot make her lite enough, the feathers will not draw easily. pleasanter and kigher, bringing some Every feather can now be stripped off in the easiest possible manner-in fact, they mind refreshed by compassing minor can almost be brushed off. The skin changes from day to day, is oftlimes as never tears, and the insects that infest all much needed and as beneficial as a long chickens will have disappeared. When journey to other places or in other lands. clear, pump on the birds to rinse off the wet feathers that still adhere, wipe tenable good, as they show us how to get derly with a soft cloth, and hang up to personal benefit in spite of them. 'Geing dry with a cloth fastened loosely round. away' in the summer need not always This is to keep them from the air and mean leaving the city or leaving one's preserve them white. By this means all home. It is, of course, better if we can the feather stumps are perfectly removed. do so. But we can stay at home and yet Ducks cannot be treated in the same 'go away'-go away from things as we manner, as the oil in the feathers prevents

# Excursions.

One first-class limited fare for round trip.

National Republican League of the United States, Detroit, Mich., July 18 to 15, 1897. One first-class limited fare for round trip. Date of sale July 12 and 18. Limited to return July 16.

return not later than July 6.

# Uncle Sam's First Postage Stamps.

"Fifty years ago-in July, 1847-Uncle Sam issued his first postage stamps," writes Fannie Mack Lothrop in the July Ladies Home Journal, "In England, seven years before, Rowland Hill, 'father of the penny post,' introduced the 'sticking plasters,' as the stamps were contemptuously called. John M. Niles, our postmastergeneral at that time, tried heroically, but in vain, to move Congress to authorize stamps for this country. His successor, Cave Johnson, was more fortunate, and the bill desired was approved on March 3, 1847, the stamps not being issued, how ever, till August, though the time appointed was July 1. Only two values of the new stamps were introduced in 1847a five and a ten cent stamp, bearing respectively the portrait of Franklin in bronze tint, and Washington in black.

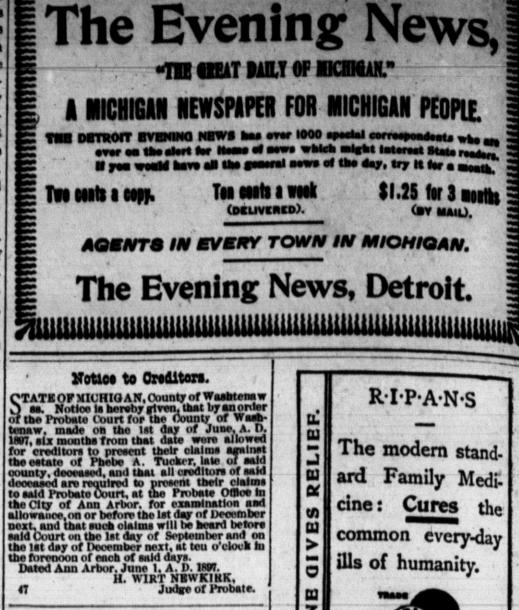
"The first purchaser of stamps in the United States was Henry Shaw, the father of Henry Wheeler Shaw (better known as 'Josh Billings." the humorist). Mr. Shaw was in the postmaster-general's office on Aug. 6, 1847, when Mr. Johnson entered with the printer from whom he had just received sheets of the new stamps. Mr. Johnson passed a sheet to Mr. Shaw for inspection. After giving the stamps a hasty glance Mr. Shaw, perhaps with an eye to future fame, took out his wallet,

# A Kansas Man's ???

The subjoined letter, published by the American Field, is said to be an order sent by Kansas man to a bicycle company:

"DEER SIRZ-I live on mi farm near Hamilton, Kan.; am 57 years old and just a little sporta. Mi neffew in Indiana bot hisself a new bicycle and sent me his old one by frate, and ive learned to ride some. It's a pile of fun, but my bisicle jolts considerable. A feller come along yesterday with a bisicle that had hollow injun robber tires stuffed with wind. He let me try hissen and mi, it run like a kushin! He told me you sell injun robber just the same as hissen. How much will it be to fix mine up like hissen? Mine is all iron wheels. Do you punch the hollow hole threw the injun robber, or will I have to do it myself? How do you stick the ends Fourth of July Holiday Excursion. together after you got it done? If your injun robber is already holler will it come Dates of sale, July 3, 4 and 5. Goed to any cheapet empty? I can get all the wind I want out here in Kansas Free.

EBERNEEZER Y. JENSON.



# Probate Order.

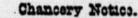
TATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw ) ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Monday, the 21st day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven. Present, H. Wirt Newkirk, Judge of Probate, In the matter of the estate of Francis S.

May, deceased. Nancy S. May, the administratrix of said estate, comes into court and represents that she is now prepared to render her final account as such administrat. ix. Thereupon it is ordered, that Friday, the lôth day of July next, at teu o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for examining and allow-ing such account, and that the heirs-at-law of said deceased, and all other persons interested ing such account, and that the heirs-at-law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Aun Arbor, in said County, and show cause, if any there be, why the said account should not be allowed. And it is further ordered, that said administratrix give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said account, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this Order to be published in the Chelsea Heraid, a news-paper printed and circulating in said county. paper printed and circulating in said county, hree successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

H. WIRT NEWKIRK, Judge of Probate,

A true copy.) P. J. LEHMAN, Probate Register.

47



N PURSUANCE and by virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for the County of Wash-



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Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth Write JOHN WEDDEHBURN & CO., Patent Atter neys, Washington, D. C., for their \$1,800 prize effs and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

3. Try to squeeze the shoulder blades together many times a day.

4. Stand erect at short intervals during the day-"head up, chin in, chest out, shoulders back."

5. Walk or stand with the hands clasped behind the head and the elbows wide apart.

6. Walk about, or even run upstairs, with from 10 to 40 pounds on top of the to return until Aug. 17, 1897. head.

7. Try to look at the top of your highcut vest or your necktie.

8. Practice the arm movements of breast-stroke swimming while standing or to return not later than July 24. walking.

9. Hold the arms behind the back.

10. Carry a cane or umbrella behind the small of the back or behind the neck.

11. Put the hands on the hips, with elbows back and fingers for ward.

12. Walk with the thumbs in the armholes of the vest.

13. When walking swing the arms and shoulders strongly backward.

14. Stand now and then during the day with all the posterior parts of the body, so far as possible, touching a vertical wall.

15. Look upward as you walk on the sunny side of the street -Ex.

# A Deadly Vences

The question has been asked which as the most powerful poison. So far as is known, snake poison consists of a postone which produces local ulceration, an anknown virulent substance, which causes infiltration of blood when injected into France and Russia, the two emperors. the tissues, and an albumen which is not Napoleon and Alexander, were taking a apparently poisonous. When snake venom is concentrated by removing the third substance and retaining the other two, what is left constitute's the most powerful poison known to toxicology It is forty times more powerful than the The superor of France turned, and pointoriginal snake yenom. It has been rock- ing with pride to the great scar that diwoned that a single thimbleful of it sait vided the granadier's face, said: addy applied would be enough to kill 25:000 people.

## Teachors' Institute.

Washtenaw County will be held in Ypsi- them? lanti, beginning August 9th and continuing one week. E. C. Thompson, con- tion, or changing the expression of his eluctor; Webster Cook and Margaret Wise, face in the least, the stern old grouadity instructors; W. N. Lister, local 'com- himself replied gravely: wittee.

Epworth League Training Assembly, Ludington, Mich., July 20 to August 16.

Epworth League National Convention. Toronte, Ont., July 15 to 18, 1897. One first-class limited fare for round trip. Dates of sale, July 18, 14 and 15. Good

National Young People's Christian Union of the Universalist Church Meeting, Detroit, Mich., July 6 to 13, 1897. One first-class limited fare for round trip. Dates of sale, July 5 and 6. Limit to return until July 14, 1897.

Camp Meeting, Island Lake, Mich. July 29 to August 31. One and one-third first-class fare for round trip. Dates of sale July 27 and each Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday thereafter until Aug. 81,

1897. Limit to return Sept. 4, 1897.

# He Was Alive.

The grenadiers of the famous "Old Guard" will never be forgotten in France as long as the memory of brave men shall live in the national heart. But some of them, at least, were as bright as they were brave, as the following trustworthy anecdote bears witness: One fine morning, after peace had been concluded between short walk, arm in arm, wround the palace park at Erfurt. As they approached the sentinel, who stood at the foot of the grand staircase, the man, who was a gremadier of the guard, presented arms.

"What do you think, my brother, of soldiers, who can survive such wounds as that?"

"And you," answered Alexander, "what The annual Teachers' Empirate for do you think of soldiers that can inflict

Without stirring an inch from his posi-

"The man who did it is dead."

"P. S .- How much do you charge for the doodad you stuff the wind into the robber with and where do you start?"

# Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, One first-class limited fare for round Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Feyer trip. Dates of sale, July 20 to 29. Limit Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Glazier & Stimson.

> A Pennsylvania judge has censured the state prison inspectors for buying clothing at six dollars and a half a suit for discharged prisoner when his konor wears nothing more costly than a five dollar suit. This recalls the case of the man who objected to carrying home a ham neatly sewed up in cloth resembling buckskin, on the ground that the ham was better dressed than he was.

# Markets.

	Obelsea, July 1, 1897
20.02	Eggs, per dezen
0.255	Butter, per pound,
1000	Gats, per bushel
1	Corn, per bushel
8	Wheat, per bushel
	Potatoes, per bushel
	Apples, per bushel
1000	Onions, per bushel
1 1 1 1	Beans, per bushel
1	

# Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washi ss. At a session of the Probate Court for County of Washtenaw, holden at the Pro-County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Court for the Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Wednes-day, the 23rd day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven. Present, H. Wart Newkirk, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of John George Hauser, deceased.

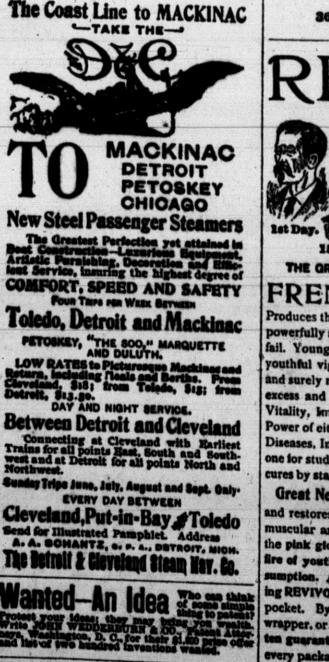
On reading and fling the petition, duly ver fled, of Christins Hauser, administratri: praying that she may be iloensed to sell th real estate whereof said deceased died select

Thereupon it is ordered that Monday, the 20t day of July next, at ten o'clock in the forencon, be assigned for the hearing of sai petition, and that the heirs-at-law of sai deccased, and all other persons interested i said estate, are required to appear at a sessio of said Court, then to be solden at the Probat Office in the City of Assa re be, why the pre in said estate, of the of said p

er to to said H. WIRT NEWKIRK. Judge of Probate. and entered the 30th day of January, 1897, in a certain cause therein pending, wherein Francis Beeman is complainant and Perry C. Depew and Archie W. Wilkinson defendants.

and Archie W. Wilkinson defendants. Notice is hereby given that I will sell at pub-lie auction, at the east front door of the Court House, in the City of Ann Arbor, in the said County (that being the building in which the Circuit Court for said county is held), on Wednesday, the 11th day of August, 1897, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, the follow-ing described real estate: All those certain pieces or parcels of land situate and being in the Township of Sylvan, in the County of Washtenaw and State of Michigan, and described as follows, to-wit: Four acres off from the south side of the south east quarter of the south-west quarter of sec-tion twelve, Also the east half of the north-west quarter of section thirty-four acres thereof, heretofore sold and conveyed. O. EMER BUTTERFIELD, O. EMER BUTTERFIELD.

G. W. TURNBULL, Solicitor for Complainant.





atifully illustrated, largest circulation of scientific journal, weekly, terms \$3.00 s year; Daix months. Specimen copies and HAND DK ON PATENTS sent free. Address

MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York.



# FRENCH REMEDY,

Produces the above results in 30 DAYS. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores from effects of self-abuse of excess and indiscretions Lost Manhood, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power of either sex, Failing Memory, Wasung Diseases, Insomnia, Nervousness, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a

Great Nerve Tonic and Blood-Builder and restores both vitality and strength to the muscular and nervous system, bringing back the pink glow to pale checks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Incenity and Consumption. Accept no substitute. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, St.os per package, is plain wrapper, or six for \$5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure ar refund the mancy ip

every package. For free circular address ROYAL MEDICINE CO., CHICAGO, ILL.

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For sale at Chelses, Mich., by ARMSTRONG & CO

For sale, two village lots, centrally ocated. Inquire at this office.



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[A true dopy.] P. J. LEWMAN, Probate Register